# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

# **FORM 10-Q**

Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

for the quarterly period ended: September 30, 2018

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

for the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

Commission File Number: 000-10661

# TriCo Bancshares

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

#### CALIFORNIA

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

94-2792841 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

63 Constitution Drive Chico, California 95973 (Address of Principal Executive Offices)(Zip Code)

(530) 898-0300

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required
to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.
ĭ⊠ Yes □ No
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).
ĭ⊠ Yes □ No
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See definitions of "accelerated filer", "large accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.
□ Large accelerated filer □ Non-accelerated filer □ Smaller reporting company
☐ Emerging growth company
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. $\Box$
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
□ Yes ⊠ No

Common stock, no par value: 30,417,818 shares outstanding as of November 6, 2018

Indicate the number of shares outstanding for each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practical date:

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# Item 1. Financial Statements (unaudited)

# TRICO BANCSHARES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(In thousands, except share data; unaudited)

	At Se	eptember 30, 2018	At I	At December 31, 2017		
Assets:						
Cash and due from banks	\$	109,363	\$	105,968		
Cash at Federal Reserve and other banks		117,180		99,460		
Cash and cash equivalents		226,543		205,428		
Investment securities:						
Marketable equity securities		2,846		2,938		
Available for sale debt securities		1,055,960		727,945		
Held to maturity debt securities		459,897		514,844		
Restricted equity securities		17,250		16,956		
Loans held for sale		3,824		4,616		
Loans		4,027,436		3,015,165		
Allowance for loan losses		(31,603)		(30,323)		
Total loans, net		3,995,833		2,984,842		
Foreclosed assets, net		1,832		3,226		
Premises and equipment, net		89,290		57,742		
Cash value of life insurance		116,596		97,783		
Accrued interest receivable		19,592		13,772		
Goodwill		220,972		64,311		
Other intangible assets, net		30,711		5,174		
Mortgage servicing rights		7,122		6,687		
Other assets		70,597		55,051		
Total assets	\$	6,318,865	\$	4,761,315		
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity: Liabilities: Deposits:						
Noninterest-bearing demand	\$	1,710,505	\$	1,368,218		
Interest-bearing		3,382,612		2,640,913		
Total deposits		5,093,117		4,009,131		
Accrued interest payable		1,729		930		
Other liabilities		82,077		66,422		
Other borrowings		282,831		122,166		
Junior subordinated debt		56,996		56,858		
Total liabilities		5,516,750		4,255,507		
Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)						
Shareholders' equity:						
Preferred stock, no par value: 1,000,000 shares authorized, zero issued and outstanding at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017		-		-		
Common stock, no par value: 50,000,000 shares authorized; issued and outstanding:						
30,417,818 at September 30, 2018				0.5.5.5.5		
22,955,963 at December 31, 2017		541,519		255,836		
Retained earnings		287,555		255,200		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss, net of tax		(26,959)		(5,228)		
Total shareholders' equity		802,115		505,808		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	6,318,865	\$	4,761,315		

# TRICO BANCSHARES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(In thousands, except per share data; unaudited)

	Three months ended September 30,					Nine mon Septem	ber 30,	
		2018		2017		2018	2017	
Interest and dividend income:								
Loans, including fees	\$	53,102	\$	37,268	\$	130,455	\$ 108,600	
Investments:								
Taxable securities		9,189		7,011		23,949	20,617	
Tax exempt securities		1,189		1,041		3,272	3,124	
Dividends		459		301		1,093	1,020	
Interest bearing cash at								
Federal Reserve and other banks		615	_	292	_	1,384	1,080	
Total interest and dividend income		64,554		45,913		160,153	134,441	
Interest expense:								
Deposits		2,072		1,028		4,402	2,896	
Other borrowings		1,178		149		2,106	164	
Junior subordinated debt		815		652		2,301	 1,870	
Total interest expense		4,065		1,829		8,809	4,930	
Net interest income		60,489		44,084		151,344	129,511	
Provision for (benefit from) loan losses		2,651		765		1,777	 (1,588)	
Net interest income after provision for (benefit from)								
loan losses		57,838	_	43,319		149,567	 131,099	
Noninterest income:								
Service charges and fees		9,743		9,475		28,327	27,861	
Commissions on sale of non-deposit investment products		728		672		2,414	1,984	
Increase in cash value of life insurance		732		732		1,996	2,043	
Gain on sale of loans		539		606		1,831	2,293	
Gain on sale of investment securities		207		961		207	961	
Other		237		484		1,875	 2,401	
Total noninterest income		12,186		12,930		36,650	37,543	
Noninterest expense:								
Salaries and related benefits		25,823		20,933		68,928	62,320	
Other		21,555		16,289		54,482	46,628	
Total noninterest expense		47,378		37,222		123,410	108,948	
Income before income taxes		22,646		19,027		62,807	59,694	
Provision for income taxes		6,476		7,130		17,698	 22,129	
Net income	\$	16,170	\$	11,897	\$	45,109	\$ 37,565	
Earnings per share:								
Basic	\$	0.54	\$	0.52	\$	1.78	\$ 1.64	
Diluted	\$	0.53	\$	0.51	\$	1.76	\$ 1.62	

# TRICO BANCSHARES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(In thousands; unaudited)

	Three months ended September 30,					nths ended mber 30,		
		2018		2017	2018		2017	
Net income	\$	16,170	\$	11,897	\$ 45,109	\$	37,565	
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:								
Unrealized gains (losses) on available for sale securities arising during								
the period, after reclassifications		(5,917)		(166)	(20,941)		3,137	
Change in minimum pension liability, after reclassifications		81		55	241		164	
Other comprehensive income (loss)		(5,836)		(111)	(20,700)		3,301	
Comprehensive income	\$	10,334	\$	11,786	\$ 24,409	\$	40,866	

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

# TRICO BANCSHARES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(In thousands, except share and per share data; unaudited)

	Shares of Common Stock	Common Stock	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (loss)	Total
Balance at December 31, 2016	22,867,802	\$ 252,820	\$ 232,440	\$ (7,913)	\$ 477,347
Net income			37,565		37,565
Other comprehensive income				3,301	3,301
Stock option vesting		211			211
Service condition RSU vesting		657			657
Market plus service condition RSU vesting		316			316
Stock options exercised	133,850	2,418			2,418
Service condition RSUs released	28,397				-
Market plus service condition RSUs released	18,805				-
Repurchase of common stock	(107,390)	(1,191)	(2,663)		(3,854)
Dividends paid (\$ 0.49 per share)			(11,228)		(11,228)
Balance at September 30, 2017	22,941,464	\$ 255,231	\$ 256,114	\$ (4,612)	\$ 506,733
Balance at December 31, 2017	22,955,963	\$ 255,836	\$ 255,200	\$ (5,228)	\$ 505,808
Net income			45,109		45,109
Adoption ASU 2016-01			(62)	62	-
Adoption ASU 2018-02			1,093	(1,093)	-
Other comprehensive loss				(20,700)	(20,700)
Stock option vesting		75			75
Service condition RSU vesting		745			745
Market plus service condition RSU vesting		274			274
Service condition RSUs released	32,516				-
Market plus service condition RSUs released	25,512				-
Stock options exercised	27,400	475			475
Issuance of common stock	7,405,277	284,437			284,437
Repurchase of common stock	(28,850)	(323)	(801)		(1,124)
Dividends paid (\$ 0.51 per share)			(12,984)	 	(12,984)
Balance at September 30, 2018	30,417,818	\$ 541,519	\$ 287,555	\$ (26,959)	\$ 802,115

# TRICO BANCSHARES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Operating activities: Net income  Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation of premises and equipment, and amortization Amortization of intangible assets Provision for (benefit from) loan losses Amortization of investment securities premium, net Gain on sale of investment securities premium, net Gain on sale of loans for resale Proceeds from sale of loans originated for resale Gain on sale of loans Change in market value of mortgage servicing rights Provision for losses on foreclosed assets Gain on sale of foreclosed assets Loss on disposal of fixed assets Gain on sale of premises held for sale Increase in cash value of life insurance Life insurance proceeds in excess of cash value Loss on marketable equity securities Equity compensation vesting expense Change in: Reserve for unfunded commitments Interest receivable Interest receivable Other assets and liabilities, net Net cash from operating activities  Investing activities: Cash aquired in acquisition, net of consideration paid Proceeds from maturities of securities available for sale Proceeds from sale of available for sale Net redemption of restricted equity securities Loan origination and principal collections, net Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment Purchases of premises and equipment Purchases of premises and equipment Life insurance proceeds		45,109  4,914 2,068 1,777 1,953 (207) (63,912) 66,138 (1,831) (38) 89 (390) 206 - (1,996) - (1,996) - 92 1,094  (864) (5,820) 799 10,724 59,905	s	5,08 1,05 (1,58 2,43 (96 (83,90 85,84 (2,29 79 16 (30 6 (2,04 (10 - 1,18 27 (62 4 3,15
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Gain on sale of foreclosed assets  Loss on disposal of fixed assets Gain on sale of premises held for sale Increase in cash value of life insurance Life insurance proceeds in excess of cash value Loss on marketable equity securities Equity compensation vesting expense Change in: Reserve for unfunded commitments Interest receivable Interest payable Other assets and liabilities, net Net cash from operating activities  Investing activities: Cash aquired in acquisition, net of consideration paid Proceeds from maturities of securities available for sale Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities Purchases of securities available for sale Net redemption of restricted equity securities Loan origination and principal collections, net Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment Purchases of premises and equipment		(390) 206 - (1,996) - 92 1,094 (864) (5,820) 799 10,724 59,905	_	(30 6 (2,04 (10 - 1,18 27 (62 4 3,15
Loss on disposal of fixed assets Gain on sale of premises held for sale Increase in cash value of life insurance Life insurance proceeds in excess of cash value Loss on marketable equity securities Equity compensation vesting expense Change in: Reserve for unfunded commitments Interest receivable Interest payable Other assets and liabilities, net Net cash from operating activities  Investing activities: Cash aquired in acquisition, net of consideration paid Proceeds from maturities of securities available for sale Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities Purchases of securities available for sale Net redemption of restricted equity securities Loan origination and principal collections, net Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment Purchases of premises and equipment		206 - (1,996) - 92 1,094 (864) (5,820) 799 10,724 59,905	_	(2,04 (10) - 1,18 27 (62) 4 3,15
Gain on sale of premises held for sale Increase in cash value of life insurance Life insurance proceeds in excess of cash value Loss on marketable equity securities Equity compensation vesting expense Change in: Reserve for unfunded commitments Interest receivable Interest payable Other assets and liabilities, net Net cash from operating activities  Investing activities: Cash aquired in acquisition, net of consideration paid Proceeds from maturities of securities available for sale Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities Purchases of securities available for sale Net redemption of restricted equity securities Loan origination and principal collections, net Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment Purchases of premises and equipment		(1,996) - 92 1,094 (864) (5,820) 799 10,724 59,905	_	(0) (2,04) (10) - 1,18 27 (62) 4 3,15
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Increase in cash value of life insurance Life insurance proceeds in excess of cash value Loss on marketable equity securities Equity compensation vesting expense Change in: Reserve for unfunded commitments Interest receivable Interest payable Other assets and liabilities, net Net cash from operating activities  Investing activities: Cash aquired in acquisition, net of consideration paid Proceeds from maturities of securities available for sale Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities Purchases of securities available for sale Net redemption of restricted equity securities Loan origination and principal collections, net Proceeds from sale of foreclosed assets Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment Purchases of premises and equipment		92 1,094 (864) (5,820) 799 10,724 59,905	_	(2,04 (10 - 1,18 27 (62 4 3,15
Loss on marketable equity securities Equity compensation vesting expense Change in: Reserve for unfunded commitments Interest receivable Interest payable Other assets and liabilities, net Net cash from operating activities  Investing activities: Cash aquired in acquisition, net of consideration paid Proceeds from maturities of securities available for sale Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities Purchases of securities available for sale Net redemption of restricted equity securities Loan origination and principal collections, net Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment Purchases of premises and equipment		1,094 (864) (5,820) 799 10,724 59,905	_	(10 - 1,18 27 (62 4 3,15
Loss on marketable equity securities Equity compensation vesting expense Change in: Reserve for unfunded commitments Interest receivable Interest payable Other assets and liabilities, net Net cash from operating activities  Investing activities: Cash aquired in acquisition, net of consideration paid Proceeds from maturities of securities available for sale Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities Purchases of securities available for sale Net redemption of restricted equity securities Loan origination and principal collections, net Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment Purchases of premises and equipment		1,094 (864) (5,820) 799 10,724 59,905		1,18 27 (62 4 3,15
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Change in: Reserve for unfunded commitments Interest receivable Interest payable Other assets and liabilities, net Net cash from operating activities  Investing activities: Cash aquired in acquisition, net of consideration paid Proceeds from maturities of securities available for sale Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities Purchases of securities available for sale Net redemption of restricted equity securities Loan origination and principal collections, net Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment Purchases of premises and equipment		(864) (5,820) 799 10,724 59,905	_	27 (62 4 3,15
Reserve for unfunded commitments Interest receivable Interest payable Other assets and liabilities, net Net cash from operating activities  Investing activities: Cash aquired in acquisition, net of consideration paid Proceeds from maturities of securities available for sale Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities Purchases of securities available for sale Net redemption of restricted equity securities Loan origination and principal collections, net Proceeds from sale of foreclosed assets Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment Purchases of premises and equipment		(5,820) 799 10,724 59,905	_	(62 4 3,15
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Other assets and liabilities, net  Net cash from operating activities  Investing activities:  Cash aquired in acquisition, net of consideration paid Proceeds from maturities of securities available for sale Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities Purchases of securities available for sale Net redemption of restricted equity securities Loan origination and principal collections, net Proceeds from sale of foreclosed assets Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment Purchases of premises and equipment		10,724 59,905 30,613	_	3,15
Net cash from operating activities  Investing activities:  Cash aquired in acquisition, net of consideration paid  Proceeds from maturities of securities available for sale  Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities  Purchases of securities available for sale  Net redemption of restricted equity securities  Loan origination and principal collections, net  Proceeds from sale of foreclosed assets  Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale  Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment  Purchases of premises and equipment		59,905 30,613		
Investing activities:  Cash aquired in acquisition, net of consideration paid  Proceeds from maturities of securities available for sale  Proceeds from sale of securities held to maturity  Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities  Purchases of securities available for sale  Net redemption of restricted equity securities  Loan origination and principal collections, net  Proceeds from sale of foreclosed assets  Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale  Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment  Purchases of premises and equipment		30,613		45,81
Cash aquired in acquisition, net of consideration paid Proceeds from maturities of securities available for sale Proceeds from maturities of securities held to maturity Proceeds from sale of available for sale securities Purchases of securities available for sale Net redemption of restricted equity securities Loan origination and principal collections, net Proceeds from sale of foreclosed assets Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment Purchases of premises and equipment				
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Purchases of securities available for sale  Net redemption of restricted equity securities  Loan origination and principal collections, net  Proceeds from sale of foreclosed assets  Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale  Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment  Purchases of premises and equipment		54,203		64,96
Net redemption of restricted equity securities  Loan origination and principal collections, net  Proceeds from sale of foreclosed assets  Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale  Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment  Purchases of premises and equipment		293,279		25,75
Loan origination and principal collections, net Proceeds from sale of foreclosed assets Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment Purchases of premises and equipment		(370,843)		(195,46
Proceeds from sale of foreclosed assets Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment Purchases of premises and equipment		7,429		(174.01
Proceeds from sale of premises held for sale Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment Purchases of premises and equipment		(178,596)		(174,91
Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment Purchases of premises and equipment		2,206		1,78
Purchases of premises and equipment		-		3,33
* **		62		(10.05
Life insurance proceeds		(5,736)		(10,87
		-		64
Net cash from investing activities		(112,873)		(263,86
Financing activities:		02.051		21.00
Net change in deposits  Net change in other borrowings		92,051		31,89
•		(4,335)		81,23
Repurchase of common stock		(834)		(1,62
Dividends paid		(12,984)		(11,22
Exercise of stock options		185		19
Net cash from financing activities		74,083		100,46
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		21,115		(117,57
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		205,428		305,61
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	226,543	\$	188,03
upplemental disclosure of noncash activities:				
Unrealized (loss) gain on securities available for sale	\$	(29,704)	\$	5,41
Loans transferred to foreclosed assets	\$	511	\$	72
Market value of shares tendered in-lieu of cash to pay for exercise	\$	1,124	\$	3,85
of options and/or related taxes	Φ	1,124	φ	3,83
upplemental disclosure of cash flow activity:				
Cash paid for interest expense	\$	8,010	\$	4,88
Cash paid for income taxes	di .	11,625	\$	15,45
Assets acquired in acquisition	\$	1,456,505	\$	-
Liabilities assumed in acquisition	\$ \$ \$	1,172,068	\$	-

#### NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### **Description of Business and Basis of Presentation**

TriCo Bancshares (the "Company" or "we") is a California corporation organized to act as a bank holding company for Tri Counties Bank (the "Bank"). The Company and the Bank are headquartered in Chico, California. The Bank is a California-chartered bank that is engaged in the general commercial banking business in 29 California counties. The Bank operates from 69 traditional branches, 9 in-store branches and 2 loan production offices. The Company has five capital subsidiary business trusts (collectively, the "Capital Trusts") that issued trust preferred securities, including two organized by the Company and three acquired with the acquisition of North Valley Bancorp.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting policies generally accepted in the United States of America and general practices in the banking industry. All adjustments necessary for a fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements have been included and are of a normal and recurring nature. The financial statements include the accounts of the Company. All inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. For financial reporting purposes, the Company's investments in the Capital Trusts of \$1,741,000 are accounted for under the equity method and, accordingly, are not consolidated and are included in other assets on the consolidated balance sheet. The subordinated debentures issued and guaranteed by the Company and held by the Capital Trusts are reflected as debt on the Company's consolidated balance sheet.

### **Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires Management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulatinos of the Securities and Exchange Commission. These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's Annua Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 (the "2017 Annual Report").

### Significant Group Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company grants agribusiness, commercial, consumer, and residential loans to customers located throughout northern and central California. The Company has a diversified loan portfolio within the business segments located in this geographical area. The Company currently classifies all its operation into one business segment that it denotes as community banking.

#### **Geographical Descriptions**

For the purpose of describing the geographical location of the Company's loans, the Company has defined northern California as that area of California north of, and including, Stockton; central California as that area of the state south of Stockton, to and including, Bakersfield; and southern California as that area of the state south of Bakersfield.

# **Business Combinations**

The Company accounts for acquisitions of businesses using the acquisition method of accounting. Under the acquisition method, assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recorded at their estimated fair values at the date of acquisition. Management utilizes various valuation techniques including discounted cash flow analyses to determine these fair values. Any excess of the purchase price over amounts allocated to the acquired assets, including identifiable intangible assets, and liabilities assumed is recorded as goodwill.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Net cash flows are reported for loan and deposit transactions and other borrowings. For purposes of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash, due from banks with maturities less than 90 days, interest-earning deposits in other banks, and Federal funds sold are considered to be cash equivalents.

# **Revenue Recognition**

The Company records revenue from contracts with customers in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification Topic 606, "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" ("Topic 606"). Under Topic 606, the Company must identify the contract with a customer, identify the performance obligations in the contract, determine the transaction price, allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and recognize revenue when (or as) the Company satisfies a performance obligation.

Most of our revenue-generating transactions are not subject to Topic 606, including revenue generated from financial instruments, such as our loans and investment securities. In addition, certain noninterest income streams such as fees associated with mortgage servicing rights, financial guarantees, derivatives, and certain credit card fees are also not in scope of the new guidance. The Company's noninterest revenue streams are largely based on transactional activity, or standard month-end revenue accruals such as asset management fees based on month-end market values. Consideration is often received immediately or shortly after the Company satisfies its performance obligation and revenue is recognized. The Company does not typically enter into long-term revenue contracts with customers, and therefore, does not experience significant contract balances. As of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Company did not have any significant contract balances. The Company has evaluated the nature of its revenue streams and determined that further disaggregation of revenue into more granular categories beyond what is presented in the Note 15 was not necessary.

### **Accounting Standards Adopted in 2018**

FASB Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No.2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): ASU 2014-09 is intended to clarify the principles for recognizing revenue, and to develop common revenue standards and disclosure requirements that would: (1) remove inconsistencies and weaknesses in revenue requirements; (2) provide a more robust framework for addressing revenue issues; (3) improve comparability of revenue recognition practices across entities, industries, jurisdictions, and capital markets; (4) provide more useful information to users of financial statements through improved disclosures; and (5) simplify the preparation of financial statements by reducing the number of requirements to which an entity must refer. The guidance affects any entity that either enters into contracts with customers to transfer goods or services or enters into contracts for the transfer of nonfinancial assets. The core principle is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The guidance provides steps to follow to achieve the core principle. An entity should disclose sufficient information to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from contracts with customers. Qualitative and quantitative information is required with regard to contracts with customers, significant judgments and changes in judgments, and assets recognized from the costs to obtain or fulfill a contract. ASU 2014-09 is effective for annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim periods therein, with early adoption permitted for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2016. ASU 2014-09 does not apply to revenue associated with financial instruments such as loans and investments, which are accounted for under other provisions of GAAP. The Company adopted ASU 2014-09 on January 1, 2018 utilizing the modified retrospective approach. Since there was no net income impact upon adoption of the new guidance, a cumulative effect adjustment to opening retained earnings was not deemed necessary.

In January 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-01, "Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities." This ASU addresses certain aspects of recognition, measurement, presentation, and disclosure of financial instruments by making targeted improvements to GAAP as follows: (1) require equity investments (except those accounted for under the equity method of accounting or those that result in consolidation of the investee) to be measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in net income. However, an entity may choose to measure equity investments that do not have readily determinable fair values at cost minus impairment, if any, plus or minus changes resulting from observable price changes in orderly transactions for the identical or a similar investment of the same issuer; (2) simplify the impairment assessment of equity investments without readily determinable fair values by requiring a qualitative assessment to identify impairment. When a qualitative assessment indicates that impairment exists, an entity is required to measure the investment at fair value; (3) eliminate the requirement to disclose the fair value of financial instruments measured at amortized cost for entities that are not public business entities; (4) eliminate the requirement for public business entities to disclose the method(s) and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value that is required to be disclosed for financial instruments measured at amortized cost on the balance sheet; (5) require public business entities to use the exit price notion when measuring the fair value of financial instruments for disclosure purposes; (6) require an entity to present separately in other comprehensive income the portion of the total change in the fair value of a liability resulting from a change in the instrument-specific credit risk when the entity has elected to measure the liability at fair value in accordance with the fair value option for financial instruments; (7) require separate presentation of financial assets and financial liabilities by measurement category and form of financial asset (that is, securities or loans and receivables) on the balance sheet or the accompanying notes to the financial statements; and (8) clarify that an entity should evaluate the need for a valuation allowance on a deferred tax asset related to available-for-sale securities in combination with the entity's other deferred tax assets. The adoption of ASU No. 2016-01 on January 1, 2018 did not have a material impact on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements. In accordance with (1) above, the Company recorded a reclassification of cumulative unrealized losses of its marketable equity securities from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) to retained earnings as of January 1, 2018. Additionally, the Company recognized changes in the fair value of its marketable equity securities in the condensed consolidated statements of net income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018. In accordance with (5) above, the Company measured the fair value of its loan portfolio as of September 30, 2018 using an exit price notion (see Note 18 Fair Value Measurement).

FASB issued ASU No. 2016-18, Statement of Cash Flows - Restricted Cash (Topic 230). ASU 2016-18 requires that a statement of cash flows explain the change during the period in the total of cash, cash equivalents, and amounts generally described as restricted cash or restricted cash equivalents. Therefore, amounts generally described as restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents should be included with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the beginning-of-period and end-of-period total amounts shown on the statement of cash flows. ASU 2016-18 was effective for the Company on January 1, 2018 and did not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

FASB issued ASU No. 2017-01, *Business Combinations - Clarifying the Definition of a Business (Topic 805)*. ASU 2017-01 clarifies the definition and provides a more robust framework to use in determining when a set of assets and activities constitutes a business. ASU 2017-01 is intended to provide guidance when evaluating whether transactions should be accounted for as acquisitions (or disposals) of assets or businesses. ASU 2017-01 was effective for the Company on January 1, 2018 and did not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

FASB issued ASU No. 2017-07, Compensation - Retirement Benefits (Topic 715). ASU 2017-07 requires that an employer report the service cost component in the same line item or items as other compensation costs arising from services rendered by the pertinent employees during the period. The other components of net benefit cost are required to be presented in the income statement separately from the service cost component. ASU 2017-07 was effective for the Company on January 1, 2018 and did not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

FASB issued ASU 2017-09, *Compensation - Stock Compensation (Topic 718)*. ASU 2017-09 clarifies when changes to the terms or conditions of a share-based payment award must be accounted for as modifications. Under ASU 2017-09, an entity will not apply modification accounting to a share-based payment award if all of the following are the same immediately before and after the change: (i) the award's fair value, (ii) the award's vesting conditions and (iii) the award's classification as an equity or liability instrument. ASU 2017-09 was effective for the Company on January 1, 2018 and did not have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

FASB issued ASU 2018-02, *Income Statement - Reporting Comprehensive Income (Topic 220)*. ASU 2018-02 allows, but does not require, entities to reclassify certain income tax effects in accumulated other comprehensive income (AOCI) to retained earnings that resulted from the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act ("Tax Act") that was enacted on December 22, 2017. The Tax Act included a reduction to the Federal corporate income

tax rate from 35 percent to 21 percent effective January 1, 2018. The amount of the reclassification would be the difference between the income tax effects in AOCI calculated using the historical Federal corporate income tax rate of 35 percent and the income tax effects in AOCI calculated using the newly enacted 21 percent Federal corporate income tax rate. The amendments in ASU 2018-02 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted. The Company adopted ASU 2018-02 on January 1, 2018, and elected to reclassify certain income tax effects in AOCI to retained earnings. This change in accounting principle was accounted for as a cumulative-effect adjustment to the balance sheet resulting in a \$1,093,000 increase to retained earnings and a corresponding decrease to AOCI on January 1, 2018.

#### **Accounting Standards Pending Adoption**

FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*. ASU 2016-2, among other things, requires lessees to recognize most leases on-balance sheet, increasing reported assets and liabilities. Lessor accounting remains substantially similar to current U.S. GAAP. ASU 2016-02 will be effective for the Company on January 1, 2019, utilizing the modified retrospective transition approach. FASB has issued incremental guidance to the new leasing standard through ASU No. 2018-10 and 2018-11. Based on current leases, subject to change, the Company estimates that the adoption of this standard will result in an increase in assets of approximately \$24 million to recognize the present value of the lease obligations with a corresponding increase in liabilities of approximately \$24 million. This amount is subject to change as the Company continues to evaluate the provisions of ASU No. 2016-02, 2018-10 and 2018-11. The Company does not expect this to have a material impact on the Company's results of operations or cash flows.

FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326). ASU 2016-13 is the final guidance on the new current expected credit loss ("CECL") model. ASU 2016-13, among other things, requires the incurred loss impairment methodology in current GAAP be replaced with a methodology that reflects expected credit losses and requires consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to estimate future credit loss estimates. As CECL encompasses all financial assets carried at amortized cost, the requirement that reserves be established based on an organization's reasonable and supportable estimate of expected credit losses extends to held to maturity ("HTM") debt securities. ASU 2016-13 amends the accounting for credit losses on available-for-sale securities ("AFS"), whereby credit losses will be presented as an allowance as opposed to a write-down. In addition, CECL will modify the accounting for purchased loans with credit deterioration since origination, so that reserves are established at the date of acquisition for purchased loans. Lastly, ASU 2016-13 requires enhanced disclosures on the significant estimates and judgments used to estimate credit losses, as well as on the credit quality and underwriting standards of an organization's portfolio. These disclosures require organizations to present the currently required credit quality disclosures disaggregated by the year of origination or vintage. ASU 2016-13 allows for a modified retrospective approach with a cumulative effect adjustment to the balance sheet upon adoption (charge to retained earnings instead of the income statement). ASU 2016-13 will be effective for the Company on January 1, 2020, and early adoption is permitted. While the Company is currently evaluating the provisions of ASU 2016-13 to determine the potential impact the new standard will have on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements, it has taken steps to prepare for the implementation when it becomes effective, such as forming an internal task force, gathering pertinent data, consulting with outside professionals, and evaluating its current IT systems. Management expects to recognize a one-time cumulative effect adjustment to the allowance for loan losses as of the first reporting period in which the new standard is effective, but cannot yet estimate the magnitude of the onetime adjustment or the overall impact of the new guidance on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

FASB issued ASU No. 2017-04, *Intangibles—Goodwill and Other: Simplifying the Test for Goodwill Impairment (Topic 350):* ASU 2017-04 eliminates step two of the goodwill impairment test (the hypothetical purchase price allocation used to determine the implied fair value of goodwill) when step one (determining if the carrying value of a reporting unit exceeds its fair value) is failed. Instead, entities simply will compare the fair value of a reporting unit to its carrying amount and record goodwill impairment for the amount by which the reporting unit's carrying amount exceeds its fair value. ASU 2017-04 will be effective for the Company on January 1, 2020 and is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

FASB issued ASU 2017-08, *Receivables - Nonrefundable Fees and Other Costs (Topic 310)*. ASU 2017-08 shortens the amortization period for certain callable debt securities held at a premium to require such premiums to be amortized to the earliest call date unless applicable guidance related to certain pools of securities is applied to consider estimated prepayments. Under prior guidance, entities were generally required to amortize premiums on individual, non-pooled callable debt securities as a yield adjustment over the contractual life of the security. ASU 2017-08 does not change the accounting for callable debt securities held at a discount. ASU 2017-08 will be effective for the Company on January 1, 2019, and is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-13, "Disclosure Framework - Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement." This ASU eliminates, adds and modifies certain disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. Among the changes, entities will no longer be required to disclose the amount of and reasons for transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, but will be required to disclose the range and weighted average used to develop significant unobservable inputs for Level 3 fair value measurements. ASU No. 2018-13 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019; early adoption is permitted. Entities are also allowed to elect early adoption the eliminated or modified disclosure requirements and delay adoption of the new disclosure requirements until their effective date. As ASU No. 2018-13 only revises disclosure requirements, it will not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In August 2018, the FASB issued ASU No. 2018-14, "Disclosure Framework - Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Defined Benefit Plans." This ASU makes minor changes to the disclosure requirements for employers that sponsor defined benefit pension and/or other postretirement benefit plans. ASU 2018-14 is effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2020; early adoption is permitted. As ASU 2018-14 only revises disclosure requirements, it will not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

#### **Note 2 - Business Combinations**

### Merger with FNB Bancorp

On July 6, 2018, the Company completed the acquisition of FNB Bancorp ("FNBB") for an aggregate transaction value of \$291,132,000. FNBB was merged into the Company, and the Company issued 7,405,277 shares of common stock to the former shareholders of FNBB. FNBB's subsidiary, First National Bank of Northern California, merged into the Bank on the same day. The Company also paid \$6.7 million to settle and retire all FNBB stock options outstanding as of the acquisition date. Upon the consummation of the merger, the Company added 12 branches within San Mateo, San Francisco, and Santa Clara counties.

In accordance with accounting for business combinations, the Company recorded \$156,661,000 of goodwill and \$27,605,000 of core deposit intangibles on the acquisition date. The core deposit intangibles will be amortized over the weighted average remaining life of 6.2 years with no significant residual value. For tax purposes, purchase prices accounting adjustments including goodwill are all non-taxable and /or non-deductible. Acquisition related costs of \$4,150,000 and \$5,227,000 are included in the income statement for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018. During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, there were no acquisition costs incurred.

The acquisition was consistent with the Company's strategy to expand into the Bay Area market. The acquisition offers the Company the opportunity to increase profitability by introducing existing products and services to the acquired customer base as well as add new customers in the expanded region. Goodwill arising from the acquisition consisted largely of the estimated cost savings resulting from the combined operations.

The following table summarizes the consideration paid for FNBB and the amounts of assets acquired and liabilities assumed that were recorded at the acquisition date (in thousands).

	FN	B Bancorp
	Jul	y 6, 2018
Fair value of consideration transferred:		
Fair value of shares issued	\$	284,437
Cash consideration		6,695
Total fair value of consideration transferred		291,132
Assets acquired:		
Cash and cash equivalents		37,308
Securities available for sale		335,667
Restricted equity securities		7,723
Loans		834,683
Premises and equipment		30,522
Cash value of life insurance		16,817
Core deposit intangible		27,605
Other assets		16,214
Total assets acquired		1,306,539
Liabilities assumed:		
Deposits		991,935
Other liabilities		15,133
Short-term borrowings - Federal Home Loan Bank		165,000
Total liabilities assumed		1,172,068
Total net assets acquired		134,471
Goodwill recognized	\$	156,661

The fair value of net assets acquired includes fair value adjustments to certain loans that were not considered impaired (PNCI loans) as of the acquisition date. The fair value adjustments were determined using discounted contractual cash flows. As such, these loans were not considered impaired at the acquisition date and were not subject to the guidance relating to purchased credit impaired loans (PCI loans), which have shown evidence of credit deterioration since origination. The gross contractual amounts receivable and fair value for PNCI loans as of the acquisition date was \$866,189,000 and \$833,381,000, respectively. The gross contractual amounts receivable and fair value for PCI loans as of the acquisition date was \$1,683,000 and \$1,302,000, respectively.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of FNB Bancorp since July 6, 2018. The table below presents the unaudited pro forma information as if the acquisition of FNB Bancorp had occurred on January 1, 2017 after giving effect to certain acquisition accounting adjustments. The pro forma information for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 includes acquisition adjustments for the amortization/accretion on loans, core deposit intangibles, and related income tax effects. The pro forma financial information also includes one-time costs associated with the acquisition but does not include expected costs savings synergies that we expect to achieve. The unaudited pro forma financial information is not necessarily indicative of the results of operations that would have occurred had the transaction been effected on the assumed date.

	Three months ended					Nine mon	ths end	ed
	Septer	mber 30, 2018	September 30, 2017		September 30, 2018			ember 30, 2017
				( in thousands, exc	ept per s	hare data)		
Summarized proforma income statement data	:							
Net interest income	\$	61,259	\$	57,329	\$	178,434	\$	168,363
Provision for (benefit from) loan losses		2,651		765		1,374		(1,728)
Noninterest income		12,288		13,902		38,517		40,537
Noninterest expense		(40,850)		(45,983)		(135,048)		(135,218)
Income before taxes		30,046		24,483		80,529		75,410
Income taxes		8,384		9,055		22,996		27,436
Net income	\$	21,662	\$	15,428	\$	57,533	\$	47,974
Basic earnings per share	\$	0.72	\$	0.51	\$	1.76	\$	1.58
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.71	\$	0.50	\$	1.74	\$	1.56

It is impracticable to separately provide information regarding the revenue and earnings of FNB Bancorp included in the Company's consolidated income statement from the July 6, 2018 acquisition date to September 30, 2018 because the operations of FNB Bancorp were substantially comingled with the operations of the Company as of the system conversion date of July 22, 2018.

#### **Note 3 - Investment Securities**

The amortized cost and estimated fair values of investments in debt securities are summarized in the following tables:

				September	r 30, 20	)18			
	Amortized Cost		Gross Unrealized Gains		Gross Unrealized Losses		Е	Estimated Fair Value	
Debt Securities Available for Sale				(in thou	isanas)				
Obligations of U.S. government agencies	\$	666,021		163		(27,308)	\$	638,876	
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	Ψ	129,072		107		(5,759)	Ψ	123,420	
Corporate bonds		4,368		65		(2)		4,431	
Asset backed securities		289,550		181		(498)		289,233	
Total debt securities available for sale	\$	1,089,011	\$	516	\$	(33,567)	\$	1,055,960	
Debt Securities Held to Maturity									
Obligations of U.S. government agencies	\$	445,309	\$	88	\$	(13,361)	\$	432,036	
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		14,588		58		(395)		14,251	
Total debt securities held to maturity	\$	459,897	\$	146	\$	(13,756)	\$	446,287	
	December 31, 2017								
			(	Gross		Gross	E	Estimated	
	A	Amortized Unrealized Cost Gains			d Unrealized Losses			Fair Value	
	(in thousands)				)				
Debt Securities Available for Sale					,				
Obligations of U.S. government agencies	\$	609,695	\$	695	\$	(5,601)	\$	604,789	
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		121,597		1,888		(329)		123,156	
Total debt securities available for sale	\$	731,292	\$	2,583	\$	(5,930)	\$	727,945	
Debt Securities Held to Maturity									
Obligations of U.S. government agencies	\$	500,271	\$	5,101	\$	(1,889)	\$	503,483	
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	_	14,573		146		(37)		14,682	
Total debt securities held to maturity	\$	514,844	\$	5,247	\$	(1,926)	\$	518,165	
Total debt securities held to maturity	\$	314,844	Э	5,247	Þ	(1,926)	Þ	318,163	

Proceeds from sales of available for sale debt securities of \$293,279,000 and \$25,757,000 were received during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Gross realized gains during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 were \$207,000 and \$961,000, respectively. There were no sales of investment securities during the first six months of 2018 or 2017. Investment securities with an aggregate carrying value of \$548,123,000 and \$285,596,000 at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively, were pledged as collateral for specific borrowings, lines of credit and local agency deposits.

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of debt securities at September 30, 2018 by contractual maturity are shown below. Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties. At September 30, 2018, obligations of U.S. government corporations and agencies with a cost basis totaling \$1,111,330,000 consist almost entirely of residential real estate mortgage-backed securities whose contractual maturity, or principal repayment, will follow the repayment of the underlying mortgages. For purposes of the following table, the entire outstanding balance of these mortgage-backed securities issued by U.S. government corporations and agencies is categorized based on final maturity date. At September 30, 2018, the Company estimates the average remaining life of these mortgage-backed securities issued by U.S. government corporations and agencies to be approximately 6.1 years. Average remaining life is defined as the time span after which the principal balance has been reduced by half.

Debt Securities	Available for Sale					Held to	√aturity			
	Amortized Estimated		Amortized Estimated Amortized		mortized	Es	stimated			
(In thousands)	Cost		ost Fair Value		Cost		Fair Value Cost		Fa	ir Value
Due in one year	\$	2,435	\$	2,434	\$	-	\$	-		
Due after one year through five years		12,486		12,501		1,231		1,240		
Due after five years through ten years		17,764		17,740		25,955		25,210		
Due after ten years		1,056,326		1,023,285		432,711		419,837		
Totals	\$	1,089,011	\$	1,055,960	\$	459,897	\$	446,287		

Gross unrealized losses on debt securities and the fair value of the related securities, aggregated by investment category and length of time that individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position, were as follows:

	Less than	12 moi	nths		12 month	s or m	ore		To	otal		
	Fair	U	nrealized		Fair	U	nrealized		Fair	J	Inrealized	
	Value		Loss		Value		Loss	Value		Loss		
September 30, 2018					(in tho	usands	)					
Debt Securities Available for Sale												
Obligations of U.S. government agencies	\$ 323,972	\$	(10,839)	\$	311,035	\$	(16,469)	\$	635,007	\$	(27,308)	
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	85,668		(3,659)		18,323		(2,100)		103,991		(5,759)	
Corporate bonds	1,969		(2)		-		-		1,969		(2)	
Asset backed securities	 79,943		(498)		-		-	_	79,943		(498)	
Total debt securities available for sale	\$ 491,552	\$	(14,998)	\$	329,358	\$	(18,569)	\$	820,910	\$	(33,567)	
Debt Securities Held to Maturity												
Obligations of U.S. government agencies	\$ 307,432	\$	(7,693)	\$	109,312	\$	(5,668)	\$	416,744	\$	(13,361)	
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	 8,971		(230)		3,076		(165)		12,047		(395)	
Total debt securities held to maturity	\$ 316,403	\$	(7,923)	\$	112,388	\$	(5,833)	\$	428,791	\$	(13,756)	
	Less than	12 moi	nths	12 months or more				Tc			Total	
	 Fair	U	nrealized	Fair Unrealized Fair			Fair	Unrealized				
	Value		Loss		Value		Loss		Value		Loss	
December 31, 2017	 				(in tho	usands	)					
Debt Securities Available for Sale												
Obligations of U.S. government agencies	\$ 284,367	\$	(2,176)	\$	166,338	\$	(3,425)	\$	450,705	\$	(5,601)	
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	4,904		(35)		17,085		(294)		21,989		(329)	
Total securities available for sale	\$ 289,271	\$	(2,211)	\$	183,423	\$	(3,719)	\$	472,694	\$	(5,930)	
Debt Securities Held to Maturity												
Obligations of U.S. government agencies	\$ 93,017	\$	(567)	\$	95,367	\$	(1,322)	\$	188,384	\$	(1,889)	
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	 1,488		(7)		2,637		(30)		4,125		(37)	
Total debt securities held to maturity	\$ 94,505	\$	(574)	\$	98,004	\$	(1,352)	\$	192,509	\$	(1,926)	

Obligations of U.S. government agencies: Unrealized losses on investments in obligations of U.S. government agencies are caused by interest rate increases. The contractual cash flows of these securities are guaranteed by U.S. Government Sponsored Entities (principally Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac). It is expected that the securities would not be settled at a price less than the amortized cost of the investment. Because the decline in fair value is attributable to changes in interest rates and not credit quality, and because the Company does not intend to sell and more likely than not will not be required to sell, these investments are not considered other-than-temporarily impaired. At September, 2018, 171 debt securities representing obligations of U.S. government agencies had unrealized losses with aggregate depreciation of (3.7%) from the Company's amortized cost basis.

Obligations of states and political subdivisions: The unrealized losses on investments in obligations of states and political subdivisions were caused by increases in required yields by investors in these types of securities. It is expected that the securities would not be settled at a price less than the amortized cost of the investment. Because the decline in fair value is attributable to changes in interest rates and not credit quality, and because the Company does not intend to sell and more likely than not will not be required to sell, these investments are not considered other-than-temporarily impaired. At September 30, 2018, 132 debt securities representing obligations of states and political subdivisions had unrealized losses with aggregate depreciation of (5.0%) from the Company's amortized cost basis.

Corporate bonds: The unrealized losses on investments in corporate bonds were caused by increases in required yields by investors in these types of securities. It is expected that the securities would not be settled at a price less than the amortized cost of the investment. Because management believes the decline in fair value is attributable to changes in interest rates and not credit quality, and because the Company does not intend to sell and more likely than not will not be required to sell, these investments are not considered other-than-temporarily impaired. At September 30, 2018, one corporate bond had unrealized losses with aggregate depreciation of (0.1%) from the Company's amortized cost basis.

Asset backed securities: The unrealized losses on investments in asset backed securities were caused by increases in required yields by investors in these types of securities. At the time of purchase, each of these securities were rated AA or AAA and through September 30, 2018 have not experienced any deterioration in credit rating. The Company continues to monitor these securities for changes in credit rating or other indications of credit deterioration. Because management believes the decline in fair value is attributable to changes in interest rates and not credit quality, and because the Company does not intend to sell and more likely than not will not be required to sell, these investments are not considered other-than-temporarily impaired. At September 30, 2018, 6 asset backed securities had unrealized losses with aggregate depreciation of (0.6%) from the Company's amortized cost basis.

Marketable equity securities: All unrealized losses recognized during the reporting period were for equity securities still held at September 30, 2018.

Sei	ptembe	r 30	201	8
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	C	riginated	PNCI	PCI		Total
Mortgage loans on real estate:						
Residential 1-4 family	\$	340,515	\$ 182,201	\$	1,698	\$ 524,414
Commercial		1,863,604	736,299		7,885	2,607,788
Total mortgage loans on real estate		2,204,119	918,500		9,583	3,132,202
Consumer:						
Home equity lines of credit		284,956	44,881		1,299	331,136
Home equity loans		35,556	4,690		447	40,693
Other		26,294	23,120		42	49,456
Total consumer loans		346,806	72,691		1,788	421,285
Commercial		234,741	52,479		2,427	289,647
Construction:						
Residential		81,533	33,041		-	114,574
Commercial		63,508	6,220		-	69,728
Total construction		145,041	39,261		-	184,302
Total loans, net of deferred loan fees and discounts	\$	2,930,707	\$ 1,082,931	\$	13,798	\$ 4,027,436
Total principal balance of loans owed, net of charge-offs	\$	2,940,897	\$ 1,120,654	\$	21,007	\$ 4,082,558
Unamortized net deferred loan fees		(10,190)	· ·		-	(10,190)
Discounts to principal balance of loans owed, net of charge-offs		-	(37,723)		(7,209)	(44,932)
Total loans, net of unamortized deferred loan fees and discounts	\$	2,930,707	\$ 1,082,931	\$	13,798	\$ 4,027,436
Allowance for loan losses	\$	(30,927)	\$ (566)	\$	(110)	\$ (31,603)

# December 31, 2017

	C	Originated	PNCI	PCI	Total			
Mortgage loans on real estate:								
Residential 1-4 family	\$	320,522	\$ 63,519	\$ 1,385	\$ 385,426			
Commercial		1,690,510	215,823	 8,563	 1,914,896			
Total mortgage loan on real estate		2,011,032	279,342	9,948	2,300,322			
Consumer:								
Home equity lines of credit		269,942	16,248	2,498	288,688			
Home equity loans		39,848	2,698	485	43,031			
Other		22,859	 2,251	45	 25,155			
Total consumer loans		332,649	21,197	3,028	 356,874			
Commercial		209,437	8,391	2,584	220,412			
Construction:								
Residential		67,920	10	-	67,930			
Commercial		69,364	 263	 <u>-</u>	 69,627			
Total construction		137,284	 273	-	137,557			
Total loans, net of deferred loan fees and discounts	\$	2,690,402	\$ 309,203	\$ 15,560	\$ 3,015,165			
Total principal balance of loans owed, net of charge-offs	\$	2,699,053	\$ 316,238	\$ 23,181	\$ 3,038,472			
Unamortized net deferred loan fees		(8,651)	-	-	(8,651)			
Discounts to principal balance of loans owed, net of charge-offs			(7,035)	(7,621)	(14,656)			
Total loans, net of unamortized deferred loan fees and discounts	\$	2,690,402	\$ 309,203	\$ 15,560	\$ 3,015,165			
Allowance for loan losses	\$	(29,122)	\$ (929)	\$ (272)	\$ (30,323)			

The following is a summary of the change in accretable yield for PCI during the periods indicated (in thousands):

	Thre	e months ende	ember 30,	]	Nine months e	hs ended September 30,			
	2018			2017		2018		2017	
Change in accretable yield:									
Balance at beginning of period	\$	3,996	\$	7,956	\$	4,262	\$	10,348	
Accretion to interest income		(253)		(594)		(769)		(2,554)	
Reclassification (to) from nonaccretable difference		(47)		(2,893)		203		(3,325)	
Balance at end of period	\$	3,696	\$	4,469	\$	3,696	\$	4,469	

# Note 5 – Allowance for Loan Losses

The following tables summarize the activity in the allowance for loan losses, and ending balance of loans, net of unearned fees for the periods indicated.

		Allow	vance for	r Loan Losse	es – Three	Months E	nded Se	ptember 30,	2018	
(in thousands)	•	Beginning Provision Balance Charge-offs Recoveries (benefit)				Ending Balance				
Mortgage loans on real estate:										
Residential 1-4 family	\$	1,991	\$	(25)	\$	-	\$	434	\$	2,400
Commercial		11,607		<u>-</u>		15		1,257		12,879
Total mortgage loans on real estate		13,598		(25)		15		1,691		15,279
Consumer:										
Home equity lines of credit		5,048		(172)		151		194		5,221
Home equity loans		1,532		(23)		139		(55)		1,593
Other		557		(229)		63		309		700
Total consumer loans		7,137		(424)		353		448		7,514
Commercial		6,378		(693)		202		337		6,224
Construction:										
Residential		1,434		-		-		192		1,626
Commercial		977		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		(17)		960
Total construction		2,411		_		-		175		2,586
Total	\$	29,524	\$	(1,142)	\$	570	\$	2,651	\$	31,603

	Allowance for Loan Losses - Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018											
(in thousands)	Beginning Balance		Cha	Charge-offs		overies	Provision (benefit)		Endin	g Balance		
Mortgage loans on real estate:												
Residential 1-4 family	\$	2,317	\$	(77)	\$	-	\$	160	\$	2,400		
Commercial		11,441		(15)		51		1,402		12,879		
Total mortgage loans on real estate	,	13,758		(92)	'	51		1,562		15,279		
Consumer:												
Home equity lines of credit		5,800		(276)		677		(980)		5,221		
Home equity loans		1,841		(23)		176		(401)		1,593		
Other		586		(597)		208		503		700		
Total consumer loans		8,227		(896)		1,061		(878)		7,514		
Commercial		6,512		(952)		331		333		6,224		
Construction:												
Residential		1,184		-		-		442		1,626		
Commercial		642		-		-		318		960		
Total construction		1,826		-		-		760		2,586		
Total	\$	30,323	\$	(1,940)	\$	1,443	\$	1,777	\$	31,603		

	Allowance for Loan Losses – As of September 30, 2018										
(in thousands)	Individually evaluated for Loans pooled impairment for evaluation			Loans ac with dete	riorated		allowance an losses				
Mortgage loans on real estate:											
Residential 1-4 family	\$	57	\$	2,313	\$	30	\$	2,400			
Commercial		268		12,552		59		12,879			
Total mortgage loans on real estate		325		14,865		89		15,279			
Consumer:											
Home equity lines of credit		168		5,046		7		5,221			
Home equity loans		175		1,418		-		1,593			
Other		103		597		-		700			
Total consumer loans		446		7,061		7		7,514			
Commercial		1,857		4,353		14		6,224			
Construction:											
Residential		-		1,626		-		1,626			
Commercial		-		960		-		960			
Total construction		-		2,586		-		2,586			
Total	\$	2,628	\$	28,865	\$	110	\$	31,603			

(in thousands)	evalı	vidually uated for pairment	Loans pooled for evaluation		with det	acquired eriorated quality	orated Total lo	
Mortgage loans on real estate:								
Residential 1-4 family	\$	4,781	\$	517,935	\$	1,698	\$	524,414
Commercial		13,244		2,586,659		7,885		2,607,788
Total mortgage loans on real estate		18,025		3,104,594		9,583		3,132,202
Consumer:								
Home equity lines of credit		2,188		327,649		1,299		331,136
Home equity loans		2,406		37,840		447		40,693
Other		243		49,171		42		49,456
Total consumer loans		4,837		414,660		1,788		421,285
Commercial		4,632		282,588		2,427		289,647
Construction:								
Residential		-		114,574		-		114,574
Commercial		-		69,728		-		69,728
Total construction		-		184,302		-		184,302
Total	\$	27,494	\$	3,986,144	\$	13,798	\$	4,027,436

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	Ве	ginning					I	Provision		
(in thousands)	Balance		Cl	narge-offs	Recoveries		(benefit)		Ending Balance	
Mortgage loans on real estate:										
Residential 1-4 family	\$	2,748	\$	(60)	\$	-	\$	(371)	\$	2,317
Commercial		11,517		(186)		397		(287)		11,441
Total mortgage loans on real estate	,	14,265		(246)		397		(658)		13,758
Consumer:										
Home equity lines of credit		7,044		(98)		698		(1,844)		5,800
Home equity loans		2,644		(332)		242		(713)		1,841
Other		622		(1,186)		375		775		586
Total consumer loans		10,310		(1,616)		1,315		(1,782)		8,227
Commercial		5,831		(1,444)		428		1,697		6,512
Construction:										
Residential		1,417		(1,104)		-		871		1,184
Commercial		680		<u>-</u>		1		(39)		642
Total construction		2,097		(1,104)		1		832		1,826
Total	\$	32,503	\$	(4,410)	\$	2,141	\$	89	\$	30,323

# Allowance for Loan Losses – As of December 31, 2017

(in thousands)	evalı	vidually uated for airment	ns pooled	Loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality		 allowance
Mortgage loans on real estate:						
Residential 1-4 family	\$	230	\$ 1,932	\$	155	\$ 2,317
Commercial		30	11,351		60	11,441
Total mortgage loans on real estate		260	13,283		215	 13,758
Consumer:						
Home equity lines of credit		427	5,356		17	5,800
Home equity loans		107	1,734		-	1,841
Other		57	529		-	586
Total consumer loans		591	7,619		17	8,227
Commercial		1,848	4,624		40	6,512
Construction:						
Residential		-	1,184		-	1,184
Commercial		-	642		-	642
Total construction		-	1,826		-	1,826
Total	\$	2,699	\$ 27,352	\$	272	\$ 30,323

(in thousands)	Individually evaluated for impairment			ans pooled evaluation	with d	s acquired eteriorated it quality	al loans, net
Mortgage loans on real estate:							
Residential 1-4 family	\$	5,298	\$	378,743	\$	1,385	\$ 385,426
Commercial		13,911		1,892,422		8,563	 1,914,896
Total mortgage loans on real estate		19,209		2,271,165		9,948	2,300,322
Consumer:							
Home equity lines of credit		2,688		283,502		2,498	288,688
Home equity loans		1,470		41,076		485	43,031
Other		257		24,853		45	25,155
Total consumer loans		4,415		349,431		3,028	356,874
Commercial		4,470		213,358		2,584	220,412
Construction:							
Residential		140		67,790		-	67,930
Commercial		-		69,627		-	69,627
Total construction		140		137,417		-	137,557
Total	\$	28,234	\$	2,971,371	\$	15,560	\$ 3,015,165

(in thousands)	ginning alance	Cha	arge-offs	Reco	veries	 ovision enefit)	Endin	g Balance
Mortgage loans on real estate:								
Residential 1-4 family	\$ 2,495	\$	(60)	\$	-	\$ (217)	\$	2,218
Commercial	10,119		(20)		238	1,033		11,370
Total mortgage loans on real estate	12,614		(80)		238	 816		13,588
Consumer:								
Home equity lines of credit	6,156		(14)		189	(610)		5,721
Home equity loans	2,354		(94)		121	(390)		1,991
Other	645		(349)		91	203		590
Total consumer loans	 9,155		(457)		401	(797)		8,302
Commercial	4,729		(291)		61	303		4,802
Construction:								
Residential	1,179		(33)		-	284		1,430
Commercial	466		-		-	159		625
Total construction	1,645		(33)		-	443		2,055
Total	\$ 28,143	\$	(861)	\$	700	\$ 765	\$	28,747

# Allowance for Loan Losses – Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017

(in thousands)		eginning Balance	Ch	arge-offs	Recoveries	Provision (benefit)	Ending Balance
Mortgage loans on real estate:							
Residential 1-4 family	\$	2,748	\$	(60)	\$	\$ (470)	\$ 2,218
Commercial		11,517		(170)	365	(342)	11,370
Total mortgage loans on real estate	,	14,265		(230)	365	(812)	13,588
Consumer:							
Home equity lines of credit		7,044		(98)	487	(1,712)	5,721
Home equity loans		2,644		(331)	146	(468)	1,991
Other		622		(831)	300	499	590
Total consumer loans		10,310		(1,260)	933	(1,681)	8,302
Commercial		5,831		(1,188)	315	(156)	4,802
Construction:							
Residential		1,417		(1,104)	-	1,117	1,430
Commercial		680		_	1	(56)	625
Total construction		2,097		(1,104)	1	1,061	2,055
Total	\$	32,503	\$	(3,782)	\$ 1,614	\$ (1,588)	\$ 28,747

	Allowance for Loan Losses – As of September 30, 2017											
(in thousands)	eval	ividually uated for pairment		ans pooled evaluation	with d	acquired eteriorated it quality		l allowance				
Mortgage loans on real estate:												
Residential 1-4 family	\$	240	\$	1,978	\$	-	\$	2,218				
Commercial		73		11,022		275		11,370				
Total mortgage loans on real estate		313		13,000		275		13,588				
Consumer:												
Home equity lines of credit		363		5,346		12		5,721				
Home equity loans		111		1,880		-		1,991				
Other		77		513		-		590				
Total consumer loans		551		7,739		12		8,302				
Commercial		1,276		3,526		-		4,802				
Construction:												
Residential		-		1,430		-		1,430				
Commercial		-		625		-		625				
Total construction		-		2,055		-		2,055				
Total	\$	2,140	\$	26,320	\$	287	\$	28,747				
	eval	Loans, N vidually uated for pairment	Lo	Unearned fees ans pooled evaluation	Loans with de	September 3 acquired eteriorated t quality						
(in thousands)							10	tal Loans				
Mortgage loans on real estate:	ф	5.007	Ф	204 640	ф	1 405	Ф	201.072				
Residential 1-4 family Commercial	\$	5,027	\$	384,640	\$	1,405	\$	391,072				
		19,788		1,775,843		8,171		1,803,802				
Total mortgage loans on real estate		24,815		2,160,483		9,576		2,194,874				
Consumer:		2.210		204.225		2.052		200 506				
Home equity lines of credit		2,219		284,335		2,952		289,506				
Home equity loans		1,842		42,454		737		45,033				
Other		267		26,470		2 722		26,781				
Total consumer loans		4,328		353,259		3,733		361,320				
Commercial		2,938		221,846		2,695		227,479				

Construction:

Total

Residential

Commercial

Total construction

As part of the on-going monitoring of the credit quality of the Company's loan portfolio, management tracks certain credit quality indicators including, but not limited to, trends relating to (i) the level of criticized and classified loans, (ii) net charge-offs, (iii) non-performing loans, and (iv) delinquency within the portfolio.

144

144

32,225

74,976

72,820

147,796

2,883,384

75,120

72.820

147,940

2.931.613

16,004

The Company utilizes a risk grading system to assign a risk grade to each of its loans. Loans are graded on a scale ranging from Pass to Loss. A description of the general characteristics of the risk grades is as follows:

- Pass This grade represents loans ranging from acceptable to very little or no credit risk. These loans typically meet most if not all policy standards in regard to: loan amount as a percentage of collateral value, debt service coverage, profitability, leverage, and working capital.
- Special Mention This grade represents "Other Assets Especially Mentioned" in accordance with regulatory guidelines and includes loans
  that display some potential weaknesses which, if left unaddressed, may result in deterioration of the repayment prospects for the asset or may
  inadequately protect the Company's position in the future. These loans warrant more than normal supervision and attention.
- Substandard This grade represents "Substandard" loans in accordance with regulatory guidelines. Loans within this rating typically exhibit weaknesses that are well defined to the point that repayment is jeopardized. Loss potential is, however, not necessarily evident. The underlying collateral supporting the credit appears to have sufficient value to protect the Company from loss of principal and accrued interest, or the loan has been written down to the point where this is true. There is a definite need for a well-defined workout/rehabilitation program.
- Doubtful This grade represents "Doubtful" loans in accordance with regulatory guidelines. An asset classified as Doubtful has all the weaknesses inherent in a loan classified Substandard with the added characteristic that the weaknesses make collection or liquidation in full, on the basis of currently existing facts, conditions and values, highly questionable and improbable. Pending factors include proposed merger, acquisition, or liquidation procedures, capital injection, perfecting liens on additional collateral, and financing plans.
- Loss This grade represents "Loss" loans in accordance with regulatory guidelines. A loan classified as Loss is considered uncollectible and
  of such little value that its continuance as a bankable asset is not warranted. This classification does not mean that the loan has absolutely no
  recovery or salvage value, but rather that it is not practical or desirable to defer writing off the loan, even though some recovery may be
  affected in the future. The portion of the loan that is graded loss should be charged off no later than the end of the quarter in which the loss is
  identified.

(in thousands)	Pass		Special Mention		Substandard		Doubtful / Loss		al Originated Loans
Mortgage loans on real estate:									
Residential 1-4 family	\$ 334,902	\$	1,690	\$	3,923	\$	-	\$	340,515
Commercial	 1,821,995		28,747		12,862		<u>-</u>		1,863,604
Total mortgage loans on real estate	2,156,897		30,437		16,785		-		2,204,119
Consumer:									
Home equity lines of credit	281,480		1,747		1,729		-		284,956
Home equity loans	32,242		1,006		2,308		-		35,556
Other	25,885		334		75		-		26,294
Total consumer loans	339,607		3,087		4,112				346,806
Commercial	220,328		9,942		4,471		-		234,741
Construction:									
Residential	81,235		32		266		-		81,533
Commercial	62,660		848		_				63,508
Total construction	143,895		880		266		-		145,041
Total loans	\$ 2,860,727	\$	44,346	\$	25,634	\$		\$	2,930,707

# Credit Quality Indicators PNCI Loans - As of September 30, 2018

			_	,				, -	-	
			Ç	Special					T	otal PNCI
(in thousands)		Pass		Mention		ubstandard	Doubtful / Loss		Loans	
Mortgage loans on real estate:		_	,	_		_				
Residential 1-4 family	\$	179,634	\$	880	\$	1,687	\$	-	\$	182,201
Commercial		729,261		3,478		3,560		-		736,299
Total mortgage loans on real estate	<u></u>	908,895		4,358		5,247		-		918,500
Consumer:										
Home equity lines of credit		43,406		826		649		-		44,881
Home equity loans		4,471		116		103		-		4,690
Other		23,083		32		5		-		23,120
Total consumer loans	_	70,960		974		757		-		72,691
Commercial		51,633		734		112		-		52,479
Construction:										
Residential		33,041		-		-		-		33,041
Commercial		6,220		-		-		-		6,220
Total construction		39,261		-		-		-		39,261
Total loans	\$	1,070,749	\$	6,066	\$	6,116	\$		\$	1,082,931

# Credit Quality Indicators Originated Loans – As of December 31, 2017

(in thousands)	 Pass	Special Mention	S	ubstandard	Doubtfu	ıl / Loss	Tota	al Originated Loans
Mortgage loans on real estate:								
Residential 1-4 family	\$ 315,120	\$ 2,234	\$	3,168	\$	-	\$	320,522
Commercial	 1,649,333	 18,434		22,743		<u>-</u>		1,690,510
Total mortgage loans on real estate	1,964,453	20,668		25,911		-		2,011,032
Consumer:								
Home equity lines of credit	265,345	2,558		2,039		-		269,942
Home equity loans	37,428	800		1,620		-		39,848
Other	22,432	 272		155				22,859
Total consumer loans	325,205	 3,630		3,814		-		332,649
Commercial	195,208	9,492		4,737		-		209,437
Construction:								
Residential	67,813	-		107		-		67,920
Commercial	64,492	4,872		-		-		69,364
Total construction	132,305	4,872		107		-		137,284
Total loans	\$ 2,617,171	\$ 38,662	\$	34,569	\$		\$	2,690,402

Credit Quality Indicators PNCI Loans - As of December 31, 2017

		T	Total PNCI						
(in thousands)		Pass	N	Mention		bstandard	Doubtful / Loss		Loans
Mortgage loans on real estate:					,				
Residential 1-4 family	\$	61,411	\$	218	\$	1,890	\$ -	\$	63,519
Commercial		203,751		11,513		559	<u>-</u> _		215,823
Total mortgage loans on real estate		265,162		11,731		2,449	-		279,342
Consumer:									
Home equity lines of credit		14,866		450		932	-		16,248
Home equity loans		2,433		188		77	-		2,698
Other		2,207		38		6	-		2,251
Total consumer loans		19,506		676		1,015	-		21,197
Commercial		8,390		1		-	-		8,391
Construction:									
Residential		10		-		-	-		10
Commercial		263		-		-	-		263
Total construction		273		-		_	-		273
Total	\$	293,331	\$	12,408	\$	3,464	\$ -	\$	309,203

Consumer loans, whether unsecured or secured by real estate, automobiles, or other personal property, are susceptible to three primary risks; non-payment due to income loss, over-extension of credit and, when the borrower is unable to pay, shortfall in collateral value. Typically, payment performance will follow general economic trends in the marketplace driven primarily by rises in the unemployment rate, non-payment is likely due to loss of employment. Loss of collateral value can be due to market demand shifts, damage to collateral itself or a combination of the two

Problem consumer loans are generally identified by payment history and current performance of the borrower (delinquency). The Bank manages its consumer loan portfolios by monitoring delinquency and contacting borrowers to encourage repayment, suggest modifications if appropriate, and, when continued scheduled payments become unrealistic, initiate repossession or foreclosure through appropriate channels.

Commercial real estate loans generally fall into two categories, owner-occupied and non-owner occupied. Loans secured by owner occupied real estate are primarily susceptible to changes in the business conditions of the related business. This may be driven by, among other things, industry changes, geographic business changes, changes in the individual fortunes of the business owner, and general economic conditions and changes in business cycles. These same risks apply to commercial loans whether secured by equipment or other personal property or unsecured. Losses on loans secured by owner occupied real estate, equipment, or other personal property generally are dictated by the value of underlying collateral at the time of default and liquidation of the collateral. When default is driven by issues related specifically to the business owner, collateral values tend to provide better repayment support and may result in little or no loss. Alternatively, when default is driven by more general economic conditions, underlying collateral generally has devalued more and results in larger losses due to default. Loans secured by non-owner occupied real estate are primarily susceptible to risks associated with swings in occupancy or vacancy and related shifts in lease rates, rental rates or room rates. Most often these shifts are a result of changes in general economic or market conditions or overbuilding and resultant over-supply. Losses are dependent on value of underlying collateral at the time of default. Values are generally driven by these same factors and influenced by interest rates and required rates of return as well as changes in occupancy costs.

Construction loans, whether owner occupied or non-owner occupied commercial real estate loans or residential development loans, are not only susceptible to the related risks described above but the added risks of construction itself including cost over-runs, mismanagement of the project, or lack of demand or market changes experienced at time of completion. Again, losses are primarily related to underlying collateral value and changes therein as described above.

Problem commercial loans are generally identified by periodic review of financial information which may include financial statements, tax returns, rent rolls and payment history of the borrower (delinquency). Based on this information the Bank may decide to take any of several courses of action including demand for repayment, additional collateral or guarantors, and, when repayment becomes unlikely through borrower's income and cash flow, repossession or foreclosure of the underlying collateral.

Collateral values may be determined by appraisals obtained through Bank approved, licensed appraisers, qualified independent third parties, public value information (blue book values for autos), sales invoices, or other appropriate means. Appropriate valuations or revaluations are obtained at initiation of the credit and periodically, but not less than every twelve months depending on collateral type, once repayment is questionable and the loan has been classified.

Once a loan becomes delinquent and repayment becomes questionable, a Bank collection officer will address collateral shortfalls with the borrower and attempt to obtain additional collateral. If this is not forthcoming and payment in full is unlikely, the Bank will estimate its probable loss, using a recent valuation as appropriate to the underlying collateral less estimated costs of sale, and charge the loan down to the estimated net realizable amount. Depending on the length of time until ultimate collection, the Bank may revalue the underlying collateral and take additional charge-offs as warranted. Revaluations may occur as often as every 3-12 months depending on the underlying collateral and volatility of values. Final charge-offs or recoveries are taken when collateral is liquidated and actual loss is known. Unpaid balances on loans after or during collection and liquidation may also be pursued through lawsuit and attachment of wages or judgment liens on borrower's other assets.

The following table shows the ending balance of current and past due originated loans by loan category as of the date indicated:

	Analysis of Originated Past Due Loans - As of September 30, 2018												> 90 Days
							Tot	tal Past					and Still
(in thousands)	30-	59 days	60-89	days	> 9	> 90 days		Due Loans		Current		Γotal	Accruing
Mortgage loans on real estate:			,			,							
Residential 1-4 family	\$	275	\$	749	\$	738	\$	1,762	\$	338,753	\$	340,515	\$ -
Commercial		499		150		117		766		1,862,838		1,863,604	
Total mortgage loans on real estate		774		899		855		2,528		2,201,591		2,204,119	
Consumer:													
Home equity lines of credit		1,450		97		112		1,659		283,297		284,956	-
Home equity loans		527		293		411		1,231		34,325		35,556	-
Other		262		24				286		26,008		26,294	
Total consumer loans		2,239	· ·	414		523		3,176		343,630		346,806	-
Commercial		1,010		134		1,309		2,453		232,288		234,741	-
Construction:													
Residential		488		-		-		488		81,045		81,533	-
Commercial										63,508		63,508	
Total construction		488		-		-		488		144,553		145,041	
Total originated loans	\$	4,511	\$	1,447	\$	2,687	\$	8,645	\$	2,922,062	\$	2,930,707	\$ -

The following table shows the ending balance of current and past due PNCI loans by loan category as of the date indicated:

	Analysis of PNCI Past Due Loans - As of September 30, 2018										
				Total Past		_	> 90 Days and Still				
(in thousands)	30-59 days	60-89 days	> 90 days	Due Loans	Current	Total	Accruing				
Mortgage loans on real estate:											
Residential 1-4 family	\$	\$ 397	\$ 163	\$ 560	\$ 181,641	\$ 182,201	\$ -				
Commercial	992	18	949	1,959	734,340	736,299	949				
Total mortgage loans on real estate	992	415	1,112	2,519	915,981	918,500	949				
Consumer:											
Home equity lines of credit	613	192	227	1,032	43,849	44,881	99				
Home equity loans	262	=	16	278	4,412	4,690	-				
Other	242			242	22,878	23,120					
Total consumer loans	1,117	192	243	1,552	71,139	72,691	99				
Commercial	30	472	-	502	51,977	52,479	-				
Construction:											
Residential	-	-	-	-	33,041	33,041	-				
Commercial	-	-	-	-	6,220	6,220	-				
Total construction	-	-	-	-	39,261	39,261	-				
Total PNCI loans	\$ 2,139	\$ 1,079	\$ 1,355	\$ 4,573	\$ 1,078,358	\$ 1,082,931	\$ 1,048				

The following table shows the ending balance of current and past due originated loans by loan category as of the date indicated:

			Anal	ysis of (	Originate	d Past Due	Loans - A	As of Decen	nber 3	1, 2017		> 90 Days
(in thousands)	30-5	59 days	60-89 da	ays	> 9	0 days		al Past Loans		Current	Total	and Still Accruing
Mortgage loans on real estate:												
Residential 1-4 family	\$	1,740	\$	510	\$	243	\$	2,493	\$	318,029	\$ 320,522	\$ -
Commercial		158		987		_		1,145		1,689,365	1,690,510	_
Total mortgage loans on real estate		1,898		1,497		243		3,638		2,007,394	2,011,032	
Consumer:												
Home equity lines of credit		528		48		372		948		268,994	269,942	-
Home equity loans		511		107		373		991		38,857	39,848	-
Other		56		36		3		95		22,764	22,859	
Total consumer loans		1,095		191		748		2,034		330,615	332,649	-
Commercial		956		738		1,527		3,221		206,216	209,437	-
Construction:												
Residential		34		-		-		34		67,886	67,920	-
Commercial		_		_				_		69,364	69,364	
Total construction		34		_		-		34		137,250	137,284	
Total loans	\$	3,983	\$	2,426	\$	2,518	\$	8,927	\$	2,681,475	\$ 2,690,402	\$ -

The following table shows the ending balance of current and past due PNCI loans by loan category as of the date indicated:

	Analysis of PNCI Past Due Loans - As of December 31, 2017									> 90	Days			
							To	tal Past					and	Still
(in thousands)	30-5	9 days	60-89	days	> 9	0 days	Du	e Loans	(	Current	To	otal	Acc	ruing
Mortgage loans on real estate:				,										
Residential 1-4 family	\$	1,495	\$	90	\$	109	\$	1,694	\$	61,825	\$	63,519	\$	81
Commercial		70		-		_		70		215,753		215,823		-
Total mortgage loans on real estate		1,565		90		109		1,764		277,578		279,342		81
Consumer:														
Home equity lines of credit		298		228		330		856		15,392		16,248		200
Home equity loans		30		-		-		30		2,668		2,698		-
Other		6		26		-		32		2,219		2,251		-
Total consumer loans		334		254		330		918		20,279		21,197		200
Commercial		-		-		-		-		8,391		8,391		-
Construction:														
Residential		-		-		-		-		10		10		-
Commercial		<u>-</u>		-				<u>-</u>		263		263		-
Total construction		-		_				-		273		273		-
Total loans	\$	1,899	\$	344	\$	439	\$	2,682	\$	306,521	\$	309,203	\$	281

Interest income on originated nonaccrual loans that would have been recognized during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, if all such loans had been current in accordance with their original terms, totaled \$338,000 and \$244,000, respectively. Interest income actually recognized on these originated loans during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$59,000 and \$33,000, respectively. Interest income on PNCI nonaccrual loans that would have been recognized during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, if all such loans had been current in accordance with their original terms, totaled \$39,000 and \$90,000, respectively. Interest income actually recognized on these PNCI loans during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$12,000 and \$2,000.

Interest income on originated nonaccrual loans that would have been recognized during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, if all such loans had been current in accordance with their original terms, totaled \$964,000 and \$617,000, respectively. Interest income actually recognized on these originated loans during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$133,000 and \$49,000, respectively. Interest income on PNCI nonaccrual loans that would have been recognized during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, if all such loans had been current in accordance with their original terms, totaled \$93,000 and \$188,000. Interest income actually recognized on these PNCI loans during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$23,000 and \$14,000.

The following table shows the ending balance of nonaccrual originated and PNCI loans by loan category as of the date indicated:

						Non Acci	rual Loa	ins				
		As	of Sep	otember 30, 20	018			As	s of Dec	ember 31, 20	17	
(in thousands)	Or	iginated		PNCI		Total	Or	iginated		PNCI		Total
Mortgage loans on real estate:												
Residential 1-4 family	\$	2,813	\$	1,219	\$	4,032	\$	1,725	\$	1,012	\$	2,737
Commercial		7,876		305		8,181		8,144		<u> </u>		8,144
Total mortgage loans on real estate		10,689		1,524		12,213		9,869		1,012		10,881
Consumer:												
Home equity lines of credit		725		568		1,293		811		402		1,213
Home equity loans		1,933		50		1,983		1,106		44		1,150
Other		3		5		8		7		5		12
Total consumer loans		2,661		623		3,284		1,924		451		2,375
Commercial		3,737		-		3,737		3,669		-		3,669
Construction:												
Residential		-		-		-		-		-		-
Commercial				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		_
Total construction		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total non accrual loans	\$	17,087	\$	2,147	\$	19,234	\$	15,462	\$	1,463	\$	16,925

Impaired originated loans are those where management has concluded that it is probable that the borrower will be unable to pay all amounts due in accordance with the original contractual terms of the loan agreement. The following tables show the recorded investment (financial statement balance), unpaid principal balance, average recorded investment, and interest income recognized for impaired Originated and PNCI loans, segregated by those with no related allowance recorded and those with an allowance recorded for the periods indicated. The average recorded investment and interest income recognized for the three month periods ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 has not been separately presented as the amounts are not considered significant for disclosure.

Impaired Originated Lo	ans – As of, or for the	e Nine Months En	ded, September 30, 2018

(in thousands)	pri	Unpaid principal balance		corded ment with related owance	Recorded investment with related allowance		Total recorded investment		ated wance	reco	erage orded stment	Inte inco	ome
Mortgage loans on real estate:													
Residential 1-4 family	\$	4,185	\$	3,251	\$	311	\$	3,562	\$ 57	\$	3,883	\$	67
Commercial		12,553		9,619		2,370		11,989	268		11,549		208
Total mortgage loans on real estate		16,738		12,870		2,681		15,551	325		15,432		275
Consumer:													
Home equity lines of credit		1,444		1,346		59		1,405	19		1,410		32
Home equity loans		2,554		1,960		157		2,117	30		1,753		24
Other		3		-		3		3	3		3		-
Total consumer loans		4,001		3,306		219		3,525	52		3,166		56
Commercial		4,868		2,135		2,497		4,632	1,857		4,626		78
Construction:													
Residential		-		-		-		-	-		68		-
Commercial		-		-		-		-	-		-		-
Total construction		-		-		-		-	-		68		-
Total	\$	25,607	\$	18,311	\$	5,397	\$	23,708	\$ 2,234	\$	23,292	\$	409

# $Impaired\ PNCI\ Loans-As\ of, or\ for\ the\ Nine\ Months\ Ended,\ September\ 30,\ 2018$

(in thousands)	prin	paid cipal ance	investm no re	orded nent with elated vance	Record investment related allowan	with	recorded stment	lated wance	Aver recor invest	ded	Inter incor recogn	me
Mortgage loans on real estate:												
Residential 1-4 family	\$	1,302	\$	1,219	\$	-	\$ 1,219	\$ -	\$	1,275	\$	-
Commercial		1,255		1,255		-	1,255	-		627		58
Total mortgage loans on real estate		2,557		2,474		-	2,474	-		1,902		58
Consumer:												
Home equity lines of credit		852		625		158	783	149		909		13
Home equity loans		296		50		239	289	145		287		9
Other		240		-		240	240	100		257		7
Total consumer loans		1,388		675		637	1,312	394		1,453		29
Commercial		-		-		-	-	-		-		-
Construction:												
Residential		-		-		-	-	-		-		-
Commercial		-		-		-	-	-		-		-
Total construction		-		-		-	 -	-		-		-
Total	\$	3,945	\$	3,149	\$	637	\$ 3,786	\$ 394	\$	3,355	\$	87

# Impaired Originated Loans – As of, or for the Twelve Months Ended, December 31, 2017

(in thousands)	prir	npaid ncipal ance	investr no i	corded ment with related wance	investn rel	corded nent with lated wance		recorded	ated wance	Aver recor invest	ded	inc	erest ome gnized
Mortgage loans on real estate:													
Residential 1-4 family	\$	4,023	\$	2,058	\$	1,881	\$	3,939	\$ 230	\$	3,501	\$	143
Commercial		14,186		13,101		810		13,911	30		13,851		645
Total mortgage loans on real estate		18,209		15,159		2,691		17,850	260		17,352		788
Consumer:													
Home equity lines of credit		1,581		1,093		401		1,494	111		1,702		47
Home equity loans		1,627		1,107		198		1,305	10		1,193		24
Other		52		4		3		7	 3		20		-
Total consumer loans		3,260		2,204		602		2,806	124		2,915		71
Commercial		4,566		575		3,895		4,470	1,848		4,283		184
Construction:													
Residential		140		140		-		140	-		76		9
Commercial						<u>-</u>							-
Total construction		140	-	140		-	-	140	-		76	-	9
Total	\$	26,175	\$	18,078	\$	7,188	\$	25,266	\$ 2,232	\$	24,626	\$	1,052

Impaired PNCI Loans – As of, or for the Twelve Months Ended, December 31, 2017

(in thousands)	prir	Unpaid principal balance		corded nent with elated wance	Recorded investment with related allowance		Total recorded investment	Related Allowance	Average recorded investment	Interest income recognized
Mortgage loans on real estate:										
Residential 1-4 family	\$	1,404	\$	1,359	\$ -		\$ 1,359	\$ -	\$ 1,041	\$ 24
Commercial		-		-	-		-	-	979	-
Total mortgage loans on real estate		1,404		1,359	-		1,359	-	2,020	24
Consumer:										
Home equity lines of credit		1,216		591	603		1,194	316	1,240	48
Home equity loans		178		44	121		165	97	117	6
Other		250		-	250	)	250	54	186	11
Total consumer loans		1,644		635	974		1,609	467	1,543	65
Commercial		-		-	-		-	-	-	-
Construction:										
Residential		-		-	-		-	-	-	-
Commercial		-		-	-		-	-	-	-
Total construction		-		-	-		-	-	-	-
Total	\$	3,048	\$	1,994	\$ 974		\$ 2,968	\$ 467	\$ 3,563	\$ 89

Impaired Originated Loans - As	or for the Nine Months E	nded, September 30, 2017
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(in thousands)	pr	Inpaid incipal alance	invest no	ecorded tment with related owance	investi re	corded ment with clated owance	 l recorded restment	 elated owance	rec	erage orded estment	inc	erest ome gnized
Mortgage loans on real estate:												
Residential 1-4 family	\$	3,489	\$	1,777	\$	1,644	\$ 3,421	\$ 167	\$	3,242	\$	90
Commercial		18,643		17,039		1,150	 18,189	 73		15,990		514
Total mortgage loans on real estate		22,132		18,816		2,794	21,610	240		19,232		604
Consumer:												
Home equity lines of credit		1,324		1,108		110	1,218	33		1,564		25
Home equity loans		2,091		1,470		199	1,669	13		1,376		32
Other		59		3		11	14	7		23		(25)
Total consumer loans		3,474		2,581		320	2,901	53		2,963		32
Commercial		3,262		884		2,048	2,932	1,270		3,514		69
Construction:												
Residential		144		144		-	144	-		78		7
Commercial		-		-		-	-	-		-		-
Total construction		144		144		-	144	-		78		7
Total	\$	29,012	\$	22,425	\$	5,162	\$ 27,587	\$ 1,563	\$	25,787	\$	712

Impaired PNCI Loans – As of, or for the Nine Months Ended, September 30, 2017

(in thousands)	Unp princ balar	ipal	investm no re	orded nent with elated wance	investn rel	orded nent with ated wance	recorded stment	Rela Allow		Aver recor invest	ded	Interinco	me
Mortgage loans on real estate:													
Residential 1-4 family	\$	1,634	\$	1,356	\$	250	\$ 1,606	\$	73	\$	1,165	\$	24
Commercial		1,869		1,599			 1,599				1,778		-
Total mortgage loans on real estate		3,503		2,955		250	3,205		73		2,943		24
Consumer:													
Home equity lines of credit		1,020		394		607	1,001		328		1,143		28
Home equity loans		185		50		123	173		99		121		5
Other		253		-		253	253		71		187		8
Total consumer loans		1,458		444		983	 1,427		498		1,451		41
Commercial		6		-		-	-		6		3		-
Construction:													
Residential		-		-		-	-		-		-		-
Commercial							 <u>-</u>				<u>-</u>		-
Total construction		-		-		-	-		-		-		-
Total	\$	4,967	\$	3,399	\$	1,233	\$ 4,632	\$	577	\$	4,397	\$	65

At September 30, 2018, \$8,845,000 of originated loans were Troubled Debt Restructurings (TDRs) and classified as impaired. The Company had no obligations to lend additional funds on these TDRs as of September 30, 2018. At September 30, 2018, \$840,000 of PNCI loans were TDRs and classified as impaired. The Company had no obligations to lend additional funds on these TDRs as of September 30, 2018.

At December 31, 2017, \$12,517,000 of originated loans were TDRs and classified as impaired. The Company had obligations to lend \$1,000 of additional funds on these TDRs as of December 31, 2017. At December 31, 2017, \$1,352,000 of PNCI loans were TDRs and classified as impaired. The Company had no obligations to lend additional funds on these TDRs as of December 31, 2017.

At September 30, 2017, \$13,352,000 of originated loans were TDRs and classified as impaired. The Company had obligations to lend \$209,000 of additional funds on these TDRs as of September 30, 2017. At September 30, 2017, \$1,611,000 of PNCI loans were TDRs and classified as impaired. The Company had obligations to lend \$3,000 of additional funds on these TDRs as of September 30, 2017.

The following tables show certain information regarding TDRs that occurred during the periods indicated:

(dollars in thousands)	Number	Pre-mod outstanding principal balance	Post-mod outstanding principal balance	Financial impact due to TDR taken as additional provision	Number that defaulted during the period	Recorded investment of TDRs that defaulted during the period	Financial impact due to the default of previous TDR taken as charge- offs or additional
Mortgage loans on real estate:							
Residential 1-4 family	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -
Commercial	4	1,326	1,324	(308)			
Total mortgage loans on real estate	4	1,326	1,324	(308)	-	-	-
Consumer:							
Home equity lines of credit	-	-	-	-	1	128	-
Home equity loans	1	478	478	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total consumer loans	1	478	478	-	1	128	-
Commercial	2	203	203	-	-	-	-
Construction:							
Residential	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total construction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	7	\$ 2,007	\$ 2,005	\$ (308)	1	\$ 128	\$ -

1 DK information for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2016	TDR Information	for the Nine Months	Ended September 30, 2018
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		12.		o i vine i i i ondio Ende	a september 50, 201		Financial
							impact due to
							the default of
				Financial		Recorded	previous
		Pre-mod	Post-mod	impact due to		investment of	TDR taken
		outstanding	outstanding	TDR taken as	Number that	TDRs that	as charge-
		principal	principal	additional	defaulted during	defaulted during	offs or
(dollars in thousands)	Number	balance	balance	provision	the period	the period	additional
Mortgage loans on real estate:							
Residential 1-4 family	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -
Commercial	6	1,743	1,741	(262)	1	169	
Total mortgage loans on real estate	6	1,743	1,741	(262)	1	169	-
Consumer:							
Home equity lines of credit	1	133	138	-	1	128	-
Home equity loans	2	599	599	-	-	-	-
Other							
Total consumer loans	3	732	737	-	1	128	-
Commercial	4	619	623	(3)	4	340	(2)
Construction:							
Residential	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial	<u> </u>			-			
Total construction							
Total	13	\$ 3,094	\$ 3,101	\$ (265)	6	\$ 637	\$ (2)

The following tables show certain information regarding TDRs that occurred during the periods indicated:

		TDF	R Information for the	e Three Months End	ed September 30, 201	17	
(dollars in thousands)	Number	Pre-mod outstanding principal balance	Post-mod outstanding principal balance	Financial impact due to TDR taken as additional provision	Number that defaulted during the period	Recorded investment of TDRs that defaulted during the period	Financial impact due to the default of previous TDR taken as charge- offs or additional
Mortgage loans on real estate:	Number	balance	Datanec	provision	uic periou	the period	additional
Residential 1-4 family	1	\$ 939	\$ 939	\$ 169	1	\$ 99	\$ -
Commercial	4	2,886	2,886	14	1	219	-
Total mortgage loans on real estate	5	3,825	3,825	183	2	318	
Consumer:							
Home equity lines of credit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Home equity loans	1	252	252	-	-	-	-
Other							
Total consumer loans	1	252	252	-	-	-	-
Commercial	8	1,109	1,109	28		-	
Construction:							
Residential	1	144	144	-	-	-	-
Commercial							
Total construction	1	144	144	-		-	-
Total	15	\$ 5,330	\$ 5,330	\$ 211	2	\$ 318	\$ -

							Financial
							impact due to
							the default of
				Financial		Recorded	previous
		Pre-mod	Post-mod	impact due to		investment of	TDR taken
		outstanding	outstanding	TDR taken as	Number that	TDRs that	as charge-
		principal	principal	additional	defaulted during	defaulted during	offs or
(dollars in thousands)	Number	balance	balance	provision	the period	the period	additional
Mortgage loans on real estate:							
Residential 1-4 family	1	\$ 939	\$ 939	\$ 169	2	\$ 223	\$ -
Commercial	7	3,509	3,482	(111)	1	219	
Total mortgage loans on real estate	8	4,448	4,421	58	3	442	-
Consumer:							
Home equity lines of credit	3	187	187	27	-	-	-
Home equity loans	1	252	252	-	-	-	-
Other	1	14	14	11			
Total consumer loans	5	453	453	38	-	-	-
Commercial	11	1,854	1,748	37		-	
Construction:							
Residential	1	144	144	-	-	-	-
Commercial							_
Total construction	1	144	144				
Total	25	\$ 6,899	\$ 6,766	\$ 133	3	\$ 442	\$ -

TDR Information for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2017

Modifications classified as TDRs can include one or a combination of the following: rate modifications, term extensions, interest only modifications, either temporary or long-term, payment modifications, and collateral substitutions/additions.

For all new TDRs, an impairment analysis is conducted. If the loan is determined to be collateral dependent, any additional amount of impairment will be calculated based on the difference between estimated collectible value and the current carrying balance of the loan. This difference could result in an increased provision and is typically charged off. If the asset is determined not to be collateral dependent, the impairment is measured on the net present value difference between the expected cash flows of the restructured loan and the cash flows which would have been received under the original terms. The effect of this could result in a requirement for additional provision to the reserve. The effect of these required provisions for the period are indicated above.

Typically if a TDR defaults during the period, the loan is then considered collateral dependent and, if it was not already considered collateral dependent, an appropriate provision will be reserved or charge will be taken. The additional provisions required resulting from default of previously modified TDR's are noted above.

# Note 6 - Foreclosed Assets

A summary of the activity in the balance of foreclosed assets follows (in thousands):

	Nine months ended September 30,					
	 2018		2017			
Beginning balance, net	\$ 3,226	\$	3,986			
Additions/transfers from loans	536		726			
Dispositions/sales	(1,841)		(1,479)			
Valuation adjustments	 (89)		(162)			
Ending balance, net	\$ 1,832	\$	3,071			
Ending valuation allowance	\$ (143)	\$	(248)			
Ending number of foreclosed assets	11		11			
Proceeds from sale of foreclosed assets	\$ 2,231	\$	1,787			
Gain on sale of foreclosed assets	\$ 390	\$	308			

As of September 30, 2018, \$1,269,000 of foreclosed residential real estate properties, all of which the Company has obtained physical possession of, are included in foreclosed assets. At September 30, 2018, the recorded investment of consumer mortgage loans secured by residential real estate properties for which formal foreclosure proceedings are underway is \$477,000.

### **Note 7 - Premises and Equipment**

Premises and equipment were comprised of:

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	
	(In thou	ands)	
Land & land improvements	\$ 28,958	\$ 9,959	
Buildings	64,178	50,340	
Furniture and equipment	44,271	35,939	
	137,407	96,238	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(49,073)	(40,644)	
	88,334	55,594	
Construction in progress	956	2,148	
Total premises and equipment	\$ 89,290	\$ 57,742	

Depreciation expense for premises and equipment amounted to \$1,685,000 and \$1,520,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and \$4,442,000 and \$4,224,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

# **Note 8 - Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets**

The following table summarizes the Company's goodwill intangible as of the dates indicated:

	September 30,				ember 31,	
(in thousands)		2018	Additions	Reductions		2017
Goodwill	\$	220,972	156,661		\$	64,311

The following table summarizes the Company's core deposit intangibles (CDI) as of the dates indicated:

	Sept	tember 30,		Re	ductions/	Dec	ember 31,
(in thousands)		2018	Additions	Am	ortization		2017
Core deposit intangibles	\$	37,163	27,605		-	\$	9,558
Accumulated amortization		(6,452)		\$	(2,068)		(4,384)
Core deposit intangibles, net	\$	30,711	27,605	\$	(2,068)	\$	5,174

The Company recorded additions to its CDI of \$27,605,000 in conjunction with the acquisition of FNB Bancorp as of July 6, 2018. The following table summarizes the Company's remaining estimated core deposit intangible amortization at September 30, 2018 (in thousands):

Years Ended	Estimated Core Deposit Intangible Amortization
2018	\$ 1,431
2019	5,723
2020	5,723
2021	5,465
2022	4,776
Thereafter	7,593

# Note 9 - Other Assets

Other assets were comprised of (in thousands):

	September 30, 2018	Dec	2017
Deferred tax asset, net	\$ 31,963	\$	21,697
Investment in low income housing tax credit funds	23,572		16,854
Prepaid expense	3,420		4,111
Tax refund receivable	2,836		4,754
Capital trusts	1,712		1,706
Software	762		1,126
Life insurance proceeds receivable	-		2,242
Miscellaneous other assets	6,332		2,561
Total other assets	\$ 70,597	\$	55,051

# **Note 10 - Deposits**

A summary of the balances of deposits follows (in thousands):

	September 30, 2018	De	ecember 31, 2017
Noninterest-bearing demand	\$ 1,710,505	\$	1,368,218
Interest-bearing demand	1,152,705		971,459
Savings	1,801,087		1,364,518
Time certificates, over \$250,000	140,805		73,596
Other time certificates	288,015		231,340
Total deposits	\$ 5,093,117	\$	4,009,131

Certificate of deposit balances of \$69,000,000 and \$50,000,000 from the State of California were included in time certificates, over \$250,000, at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. The Bank participates in a deposit program offered by the State of California whereby the State may make deposits at the Bank's request subject to collateral and credit worthiness constraints. The negotiated rates on these State deposits are generally more favorable than other wholesale funding sources available to the Bank. Overdrawn deposit balances of \$1,375,000 and \$1,366,000 were classified as consumer loans at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

# Note 11 – Other Liabilities

Other liabilities were comprised of (in thousands):

	ember 30, 2018	ember 31, 2017
Pension liability	\$ 37,789	\$ 28,472
Low income housing tax credit fund commitments	9,146	8,554
Deferred compensation	9,450	6,605
Accrued salaries and benefits expense	8,990	6,619
Joint beneficiary agreements	3,558	3,365
Loan escrow and servicing payable	2,821	1,958
Deferred revenue	1,978	1,228
Litigation contingency	-	1,450
Miscellaneous other liabilities	 8,345	 8,171
Total other liabilities	\$ 82,077	\$ 66,422

#### Note 12 - Commitments and Contingencies

At September 30, 2018, future minimum commitments under non-cancelable operating leases with initial or remaining terms of one year or more are as follows:

	Operating	Leases
	(in thousa	ands)
2018	\$	1,179
2019		4,478
2020		3,774
2021		3,372
2022		2,549
Thereafter		4,097
Future minimum lease payments	\$	19,449

The following table presents a summary of the Bank's commitments and contingent liabilities:

(in thousands)		tember 30, 2018	Dec	2017
Financial instruments whose amounts represent risk:				
Commitments to extend credit:				
Commercial loans	\$	310,844	\$	257,220
Consumer loans		481,837		422,958
Real estate mortgage loans		149,003		66,267
Real estate construction loans		283,858		187,097
Standby letters of credit		11,277		13,075
Deposit account overdraft privilege		107,956		98,260

# Note 13 - Shareholders' Equity

#### **Dividends Paid**

The Bank paid to the Company cash dividends in the aggregate amounts of \$13,507,000 and \$5,185,000 during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and \$22,649,000 and \$14,394,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The Bank is regulated by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the State of California Department of Business Oversight (DBO). Absent approval from the Commissioner of the DBO, California banking laws generally limit the Bank's ability to pay dividends to the lesser of (1) retained earnings or (2) net income for the last three fiscal years, less cash distributions paid during such period. Under this law, at December 31, 2017, the Bank could have paid dividends of \$85,254,000 to the Company without the approval of the Commissioner of the DBO.

# Stock Repurchase Plan

On August 21, 2007, the Board of Directors adopted a plan to repurchase, as conditions warrant, up to 500,000 shares of the Company's common stock on the open market. The timing of purchases and the exact number of shares to be purchased will depend on market conditions. The 500,000 shares authorized for repurchase under this stock repurchase plan represented approximately 3.2% of the Company's 15,814,662 outstanding common shares as of August 21, 2007. This stock repurchase plan has no expiration date. As of September 30, 2018, the Company had repurchased 166,600 shares under this plan.

# **Stock Repurchased Under Equity Compensation Plans**

During the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, employees tendered 11,630 and 21,738 shares, respectively, of the Company's common stock with market value of \$453,000, and \$762,000, respectively, in lieu of cash to exercise options to purchase shares of the Company's stock and to pay income taxes related to equity compensation plan instruments as permitted by the Company's shareholder-approved equity compensation plans. The tendered shares were retired. The market value of tendered shares is the last market trade price at closing on the day an option is exercised. Stock repurchased under equity incentive plans are not included in the total of stock repurchased under the stock repurchase plan announced on August 21, 2007.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 employees tendered 28,850 and 107,390 shares, respectively, of the Company's common stock with market value of \$1,124,000 and \$3,854,000, respectively, in lieu of cash to exercise options to purchase shares of the Company's stock and to satisfy tax withholding requirements related to such exercises and the release of restricted stock units (RSUs) as permitted by the Company's shareholder-approved equity compensation plans. The tendered shares were retired. The market value of tendered shares is the last market trade price at closing on the day an option is exercised. Stock repurchased under equity incentive plans are not included in the total of stock repurchased under the stock repurchase plan announced on August 21, 2007.

# Note 14 - Stock Options and Other Equity-Based Incentive Instruments

Stock option activity during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 is summarized in the following table:

	Number of Shares	Option Price per Share	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at December 31, 2017	446,400	\$12.63 to \$23.21	\$ 16.84
Options granted	-	— to —	-
Options exercised	(27,400)	\$15.34 to \$23.21	\$ 17.33
Options forfeited	(3,000)	\$23.21 to \$23.21	\$ 23.21
Outstanding at September 30, 2018	416,000	\$12.63 to \$23.21	\$ 16.77

The following table shows the number, weighted-average exercise price, intrinsic value, and weighted average remaining contractual life of options exercisable, options not yet exercisable and total options outstanding as of September 30, 2018:

	(	Currently		rently Not	Total		
	E	xercisable	Ez	ercisable	Outstanding		
Number of options		413,000		3,000		416,000	
Weighted average exercise price	\$	16.72	\$	23.21	\$	16.77	
Intrinsic value (in thousands)	\$	9,045	\$	46	\$	9,091	
Weighted average remaining contractual term (yrs.)		3.2		6.0		3.2	

The 3,000 options that are currently not exercisable as of September 30, 2018 are expected to vest, on a weighted-average basis, over the next year. The Company did not modify any option grants during 2017 or the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

Restricted stock unit (RSU) activity is summarized in the following table for the dates indicated:

	Service Condition	on Vestin	g RSUs	Market Plus Service Condition Vesting RSUs			
	Weighted Average Fair Number Value on of RSUs Date of Grant		Number of RSUs	Ave V	eighted erage Fair alue on e of Grant		
Outstanding at December 31, 2017	68,457			52,829			
RSUs granted	38,605	\$	39.08	16,939	\$	36.40	
Additional market plus service condition RSUs vested	-			8,506			
RSUs added through dividend credits	806			-			
RSUs released through vesting	(32,516)			(25,512)			
RSUs forfeited/expired	(4,744)			(5,478)			
Outstanding at September 30, 2018	70,608			47,284			

The 70,608 of service condition vesting RSUs outstanding as of September 30, 2018 include a feature whereby each RSU outstanding is credited with a dividend amount equal to any common stock cash dividend declared and paid, and the credited amount is divided by the closing price of the Company's stock on the dividend payable date to arrive at an additional amount of RSUs outstanding under the original grant. The 70,608 of service condition vesting RSUs outstanding as of September 30, 2018 are expected to vest, and be released, on a weighted-average basis, over the next 1.6 years. The Company expects to recognize \$2,063,000 of pre-tax compensation costs related to these service condition vesting RSUs between September 30, 2018 and their vesting dates. The Company did not modify any service condition vesting RSUs during 2017 or during the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

The 47,284 of market plus service condition vesting RSUs outstanding as of September 30, 2018 are expected to vest, and be released, on a weighted-average basis, over the next 1.7 years. The Company expects to recognize \$902,000 of pre-tax compensation costs related to these RSUs between September 30, 2018 and their vesting dates. As of September 30, 2018, the number of market plus service condition vesting RSUs outstanding that will actually vest, and be released, may be reduced to zero or increased to 70,926 depending on the total return of the Company's common stock versus the total return of an index of bank stocks from the grant date to the vesting date. The Company did not modify any market plus service condition vesting RSUs during 2017 or during the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

# **Note 15 - Noninterest Income and Expense**

The following table summarizes the Company's noninterest income for the periods indicated (in thousands):

	Thr	Three months ended September 30,				Nine months ended September 30,			
		2018		2017		2018		2017	
ATM and interchange fees	\$	4,590	\$	4,209	\$	13,335	\$	12,472	
Service charges on deposit accounts		4,015		4,160		11,407		12,102	
Other service fees		676		917		2,020		2,521	
Mortgage banking service fees		499		514		1,527		1,561	
Change in value of mortgage servicing rights		(37)		(325)		38		(795)	
Total service charges and fees		9,743		9,475		28,327		27,861	
Commissions on sale of non-deposit investment products		728		672		2,414		1,984	
Increase in cash value of life insurance		732		732		1,996		2,043	
Gain on sale of loans		539		606		1,831		2,293	
Lease brokerage income		186		234		514		601	
Gain on sale of foreclosed assets		2		37		390		308	
Sale of customer checks		88		89		327		287	
Gain on sale of investment securities		207		961		207		961	
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		(152)		(33)		(206)		(61)	
Loss on marketable equity securities		(22)		-		(92)		-	
Other		135		157		942		1,266	
Total other noninterest income		2,443		3,455		8,323		9,682	
Total noninterest income	\$	12,186	\$	12,930	\$	36,650	\$	37,543	

The components of noninterest expense were as follows (in thousands):

	Three months	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,			
	2018	2017		2018		2017		
Base salaries, net of deferred loan origination costs	\$ 17,051	\$ 13,6	00 \$	45,442	\$	40,647		
Incentive compensation	3,223	2,6	09	7,834		6,980		
Benefits and other compensation costs	5,549	4,7	24	15,652		14,693		
Total salaries and benefits expense	25,823	20,9	33	68,928		62,320		
Occupancy	3,173	2,7	99	8,574		8,196		
Data processing and software	2,786	2,4	95	7,979		7,332		
Merger and acquisition expense	4,150		-	5,227				
Equipment	1,750	1,8	16	4,938		5,344		
ATM and POS network charges	1,195	1,4	25	3,858		3,353		
Advertising	1,341	1,0	39	3,214		3,173		
Professional fees	929	9	01	2,475		2,357		
Telecommunications	819	7	16	2,201		2,02		
Regulatory assessments and insurance	537	4	27	1,384		1,25		
Intangible amortization	1,390	3	39	2,068		1,050		
Postage	275	3	25	934		1,058		
Courier service	278	2	35	769		752		
Operational losses	217	3	01	763		1,160		
Foreclosed assets expense	93		41	297		117		
Provision for (reversal of) foreclosed asset losses	(1)	1	34	89		162		
Other miscellaneous expense	2,623	3,2	96	9,712		9,289		
Total other noninterest expense	21,555	16,2	89	54,482		46,628		
Total noninterest expense	\$ 47,378	\$ 37,2	22 \$	123,410	\$	108,948		

# Note 16 – Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share represent income available to common shareholders divided by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share reflect additional common shares that would have been outstanding if dilutive potential common shares had been issued, as well as any adjustments to income that would result from assumed issuance. Potential common shares that may be issued by the Company relate solely from outstanding stock options, and are determined using the treasury stock method. Earnings per share have been computed based on the following:

	Three months ended September 30,				Nine months ended September 30,			
(in thousands)	20	18	2017		2018		2017	
Net income	\$	16,170	\$	11,897	\$	45,109	\$	37,565
Average number of common shares outstanding		30,011		22,932		25,317		22,901
Effect of dilutive stock options and restricted stock		280		312		300		338
Average number of common shares outstanding used to calculate diluted earnings per share		30,291		23,244		25,617		23,239
Options excluded from diluted earnings per share because the effect of these options was antidilutive		10,000		-		10,000		_

# Note 17 - Comprehensive Income

Accounting principles generally require that recognized revenue, expenses, gains and losses be included in net income. Although certain changes in assets and liabilities, such as unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities, are reported as a separate component of the equity section of the balance sheet, such items, along with net income, are components of comprehensive income.

The components of accumulated other comprehensive loss, included in shareholders' equity, are as follows:

(in thousands)	•	ember 30, 2018	December 31, 2017		
Net unrealized loss on available for sale securities	\$	(33,051)	(3,409)		
Tax effect		9,771	 1,433		
Unrealized holding loss on available for sale securities, net of tax		(23,280)	(1,976)		
Unfunded status of the supplemental retirement plans		(5,010)	(5,352)		
Tax effect		1,481	2,250		
Unfunded status of the supplemental retirement plans, net of tax		(3,529)	(3,102)		
Joint beneficiary agreement liability		(150)	(150)		
Tax effect		-			
Joint beneficiary agreement liability, net of tax		(150)	(150)		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$	(26,959)	\$ (5,228)		

The components of other comprehensive income (loss) and related tax effects are as follows:

	Three months ended September 30,					Nine months ended September 30,			
(in thousands)	20	18	20	)17		2018		2017	
Unrealized holding gains (losses) on available for sale									
securities before reclassifications	\$	(8,193)	\$	674	\$	(29,134)	\$	6,372	
Amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income:									
Realized gains on debt securities		(207)		(961)		(207)		(961)	
Adoption ASU 2016-01		-		-		62		-	
Adoption ASU 2018-02		-	1	-		(425)		-	
Total amounts reclassified out of accumulated									
other comprehensive income		(207)		(961)		(570)		(961)	
Unrealized holding gains (losses) on available for sale									
securities after reclassifications		(8,400)		(287)		(29,704)		5,411	
Tax effect		2,483		121		8,763		(2,274)	
Unrealized holding gains (losses) on available for sale									
securities, net of tax		(5,917)		(166)		(20,941)		3,137	
securities, her of the		(-)/		( )		( - )- /		-, -,	
Change in unfunded status of the supplemental retirement									
plans before reclassifications		-		-		668		-	
Amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income:									
Amortization of prior service cost		(13)		(1)		(40)		(5)	
Amortization of actuarial losses		128		96		382		288	
Adoption ASU 2018-02				-		(668)		-	
Total amounts reclassified out of accumulated									
other comprehensive income		115		95		(326)		283	
other comprehensive meome									
Change in unfunded status of the supplemental retirement									
plans after reclassifications		115		95		342		283	
Tax effect		(34)		(40)		(101)		(119)	
Change in unfunded status of the supplemental									
retirement plans, net of tax		81		55		241		164	
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	\$	(5,836)	\$	(111)	\$	(20,700)	\$	3,301	
Town outer comprehensive meome (1988)	_	(-)000)	-	()		(==,,==)	_		

#### **Note 18 - Fair Value Measurement**

The Company utilizes fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures. In estimating fair value, the Company utilizes valuation techniques that are consistent with the market approach, income approach, and/or the cost approach. Inputs to valuation techniques include the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability including assumptions about the risk inherent in a particular valuation technique, the effect of a restriction on the sale or use of an asset and the risk of nonperformance. Securities available-for-sale and mortgage servicing rights are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. Additionally, from time to time, the Company may be required to record at fair value other assets on a nonrecurring basis, such as loans held for sale, loans held for investment and certain other assets. These nonrecurring fair value adjustments typically involve application of lower of cost or market accounting or impairment write-downs of individual assets.

The Company groups assets and liabilities at fair value in three levels, based on the markets in which the assets and liabilities are traded and the observable nature of the assumptions used to determine fair value. These levels are:

- Level 1 Valuation is based upon quoted prices for identical instruments traded in active markets.
- Level 2 Valuation is based upon quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-based valuation techniques for which all significant assumptions are observable in the market.
- Level 3 Valuation is generated from model-based techniques that use at least one significant assumption not observable in the market. These unobservable assumptions reflect estimates of assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. Valuation techniques include use of option pricing models, discounted cash flow models and similar techniques.

Marketable equity securities and debt securities available for sale – Marketable equity securities and debt securities available for sale are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. Fair value measurement is based upon quoted prices, if available. If quoted prices are not available, fair values are measured using independent pricing models or other model-based valuation techniques such as the present value of future cash flows, adjusted for the security's credit rating, prepayment assumptions and other factors such as credit loss assumptions. Level 1 securities include those traded on an active exchange, such as the New York Stock Exchange, U.S. Treasury securities that are traded by dealers or brokers in active over-the-counter markets and money market funds. Level 2 securities include mortgage-backed securities issued by government sponsored entities, municipal bonds and corporate debt securities. The Company had no securities classified as Level 3 during any of the periods covered in these financial statements.

Loans held for sale – Loans held for sale are carried at the lower of cost or fair value. The fair value of loans held for sale is based on what secondary markets are currently offering for loans with similar characteristics. As such, we classify those loans subjected to recurring fair value adjustments as Level 2.

Impaired originated and PNCI loans — Originated and PNCI loans are not recorded at fair value on a recurring basis. However, from time to time, an originated or PNCI loan is considered impaired and an allowance for loan losses is established. Originated and PNCI loans for which it is probable that payment of interest and principal will not be made in accordance with the original contractual terms of the loan agreement are considered impaired. The fair value of an impaired originated or PNCI loan is estimated using one of several methods, including collateral value, fair value of similar debt, enterprise value, liquidation value and discounted cash flows. Those impaired originated and PNCI loans not requiring an allowance represent loans for which the fair value of the expected repayments or collateral exceed the recorded investments in such loans. Impaired originated and PNCI loans where an allowance is established based on the fair value of collateral require classification in the fair value hierarchy. When the fair value of the collateral is based on an observable market price or a current appraised value which uses substantially observable data, the Company records the impaired originated or PNCI loan as nonrecurring Level 2. When an appraised value contains a significant unobservable assumption, such as deviations from comparable sales, and there is no observable market price, the Company records the impaired originated or PNCI loan as nonrecurring Level 3.

Foreclosed assets - Foreclosed assets include assets acquired through, or in lieu of, loan foreclosure. Foreclosed assets are held for sale and are initially recorded at fair value at the date of foreclosure, establishing a new cost basis. Subsequent to foreclosure, management periodically performs valuations and the assets are carried at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell. When the fair value of foreclosed assets is based on an observable market price or a current appraised value which uses substantially observable data, the Company records the impaired originated loan as nonrecurring Level 2. When an appraised value is not available or management determines the fair value of the collateral is further impaired below the appraised value, or the appraised value contains a significant unobservable assumption, such as deviations from comparable sales, and there is no observable market price, the Company records the foreclosed asset as nonrecurring Level 3. Revenue and expenses from operations and changes in the valuation allowance are included in other noninterest expense.

Mortgage servicing rights - Mortgage servicing rights are carried at fair value. A valuation model, which utilizes a discounted cash flow analysis using a discount rate and prepayment speed assumptions is used in the computation of the fair value measurement. While the prepayment speed assumption is currently quoted for comparable instruments, the discount rate assumption currently requires a significant degree of management judgment and is therefore considered an unobservable input. As such, the Company classifies mortgage servicing rights subjected to recurring fair value adjustments as Level 3.

The table below presents the recorded amount of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis (in thousands):

Fair value at September 30, 2018	Total		Level 1		Level 2	Level 3							
Marketable equity securities	\$ 2,846	\$	2,846	\$	-	\$	-						
Debt securities available for sale:													
Obligations of U.S. government agencies	638,876		-		638,876		-						
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	123,420		-		123,420		-						
Corporate bonds	4,431		-		4,431		-						
Asset backed securities	289,233		-		289,233		-						
Loans held for sale	3,824		-		3,824		-						
Mortgage servicing rights	 7,122		-		-		7,122						
Total assets measured at fair value	\$ 1,069,752	\$	2,846	\$	1,059,784	\$	7,122						
Fair value at December 31, 2017	Total		Level 1		Level 1		Level 1		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3
Marketable equity securities	\$ 2,938	\$	2,938	\$	-	\$	=						
Debt securities available for sale:													
Obligations of U.S. government agencies	604,789		-		604,789		-						
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	123,156		-		123,156		-						
Loans held for sale	4,616		-		4,616		-						
Mortgage servicing rights	 6,687						6,687						
Total assets measured at fair value	\$ 742,186	\$	2,938	\$	732,561	\$	6,687						

Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy are recognized on the actual date of the event or circumstances that caused the transfer, which generally corresponds with the Company's quarterly valuation process. There were no transfers between any levels during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 or the year ended December 31, 2017.

The following table provides a reconciliation of assets and liabilities measured at fair value using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) on a recurring basis during the time periods indicated. Had there been any transfer into or out of Level 3 during the time periods indicated, the amount included in the "Transfers into (out of) Level 3" column would represent the beginning balance of an item in the period (interim quarter) during which it was transferred (in thousands):

			Transfers	C	hange					
	Ве	Beginning into (out of) Included						Ending		
Three months ended September 30,	B	alance	Level 3	in I	in Earnings		Issuances		Balance	
2018: Mortgage servicing rights	\$	7,021	-	\$	(37)	\$	138	\$	7,122	
2017: Mortgage servicing rights	\$	6,596	-	\$	(325)	\$	148	\$	6,419	
			Transfers Change		hange					
	Be	ginning	into (out of)	In	Included		Issuances		Ending	
Nine months ended September 30,	B	alance	Level 3	in I	Earnings				Balance	
2018: Mortgage servicing rights	\$	6,687	-	\$	38	\$	397	\$	7,122	
2017: Mortgage servicing rights	\$	6,595	-	\$	(795)	\$	619	\$	6,419	

The key unobservable inputs used in determining the fair value of mortgage servicing rights are mortgage prepayment speeds and the discount rate used to discount cash projected cash flows. Generally, any significant increases in the mortgage prepayment speed and discount rate utilized in the fair value measurement of the mortgage servicing rights will result in a negative fair value adjustments (and decrease in the fair value measurement). Conversely, a decrease in the mortgage prepayment speed and discount rate will result in a positive fair value adjustment (and increase in the fair value measurement).

The following table presents quantitative information about recurring Level 3 fair value measurements at September 30, 2018:

	Fair Value (in thousands)	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Inputs	Weighted Average
Mortgage Servicing Rights	\$ 7,122	Discounted cash flow	Constant prepayment rate	4.8%-33%, 7.3%
			Discount rate	12%, 12%

The following table presents quantitative information about recurring Level 3 fair value measurements at December 31, 2017:

	r Value ousands)	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Inputs	Weighted Average
Mortgage Servicing Rights	\$ 6,687	Discounted cash flow	Constant prepayment rate	6.2%-22.0%, 8.9%
			Discount rate	13.0%- 15.0%, 13.0%

The tables below present the recorded investment in assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis, as of the dates indicated (in thousands):

Nine months ended September 30, 2018	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		Total Gains (Losses)	
Fair value:	Total	Level 1	Level 2		ever 5		sosses)
Impaired Originated & PNCI loans	\$ 445	-	-	\$	445	\$	(808)
Foreclosed assets	 863				863		(23)
Total assets measured at fair value	\$ 1,308			\$	1,308	\$	(831)
Year ended December 31, 2017	Total	Level 1	Level 2	ī	evel 3		al Gains
Fair value:	 Total	Level 1	Level 2		ever 5		203503)
Impaired Originated & PNCI loans	\$ 2,767	-	-	\$	2,767	\$	(1,452)
Foreclosed assets	2,217			_	2,217		(135)
Total assets measured at fair value	\$ 4,984			\$	4,984	\$	(1,587)
							al Gains
Nine months ended September 30, 2017	 <u>Fotal</u>	Level 1	Level 2	L	evel 3	(I	Losses)
Fair value:							
Impaired Originated & PNCI loans	\$ 1,026	-	-	\$	1,026	\$	(892)
Foreclosed assets	2,062				2,062		(157)
Total assets measured at fair value	\$ 3,088			\$	3,088	\$	(1,049)

The impaired originated and PNCI loan amount above represents impaired, collateral dependent loans that have been adjusted to fair value. When we identify a collateral dependent loan as impaired, we measure the impairment using the current fair value of the collateral, less selling costs. Depending on the characteristics of a loan, the fair value of collateral is generally estimated by obtaining external appraisals. If we determine that the value of the impaired loan is less than the recorded investment in the loan, we recognize this impairment and adjust the carrying value of the loan to fair value through the allowance for loan and lease losses. The loss represents charge-offs or impairments on collateral dependent loans for fair value adjustments based on the fair value of collateral. The carrying value of loans fully charged-off is zero. The foreclosed assets amount above represents impaired real estate that has been adjusted to fair value. Foreclosed assets represent real estate which the Bank has taken control of in partial or full satisfaction of loans. At the time of foreclosure, other real estate owned is recorded at fair value less costs to sell, which becomes the property's new basis. Any write-downs based on the asset's fair value at the date of acquisition are charged to the allowance for loan and lease losses. After foreclosure, management periodically performs valuations such that the real estate is carried at the lower of its new cost basis or fair value, net of estimated costs to sell. Fair value adjustments on other real estate owned are recognized within net loss on real estate owned. The loss represents impairments on non-covered other real estate owned for fair value adjustments based on the fair value of the real estate.

The Company's property appraisals are primarily based on the sales comparison approach and income approach methodologies, which consider recent sales of comparable properties, including their income generating characteristics, and then make adjustments to reflect the general assumptions that a market participant would make when analyzing the property for purchase. These adjustments may increase or decrease an appraised value and can vary significantly depending on the location, physical characteristics and income producing potential of each property. Additionally, the quality and volume of market information available at the time of the appraisal can vary from period to period and cause significant changes to the nature and magnitude of comparable sale adjustments. Given these variations, comparable sale adjustments are generally not a reliable indicator for how fair value will increase or decrease from period to period. Under certain circumstances, management discounts are applied based on specific characteristics of an individual property.

The following table presents quantitative information about Level 3 fair value measurements for financial instruments measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis at September 30, 2018:

September 30, 2018	 Value ousands)	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Inputs	Range, Weighted Average
Impaired Originated & PNCI loans	\$ 445	Sales comparison approach	Adjustment for differences between comparable sales;	(55.8%) - 60%; (28%)
		Income approach Sales comparison	Capitalization rate Adjustment for differences between	N/A
Foreclosed assets (Residential real estate)	\$ 744	approach	comparable sales	(47%) - 52%; 0.9%
		Sales comparison	Adjustment for differences between	
Foreclosed assets (Commercial real estate)	\$ 92	approach	comparable sales	(65%) - 20%; (45%)
Foreclosed assets (Land and construction)	\$ 27	Sales comparison approach	Adjustment for differences between comparable sales	Information not meaningful

The following table presents quantitative information about Level 3 fair value measurements for financial instruments measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis at December 31, 2017:

December 31, 2017	r Value ousands)	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Inputs	Range, Weighted Average
Impaired Originated & PNCI loans	\$ 2,767	Sales comparison approach Income approach	Adjustment for differences between comparable sales Capitalization rate	(74%) - 23%; (19.76%) N/A
Foreclosed assets (Land & construction)	\$ 1,341	Sales comparison approach	Adjustment for differences between comparable sales	(53%) - 283%; 167%
Foreclosed assets (Residential real estate)	\$ 622	Sales comparison approach	Adjustment for differences between comparable sales	(47%) - 39%; (3.13%)
Foreclosed assets (Commercial real estate)	\$ 254	Sales comparison approach	Adjustment for differences between comparable sales	(84%) - 19%; (84%)

In addition to the methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of each class of financial instrument noted above, the following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of other classes of financial instruments for which it is practical to estimate the fair value.

Short-term Instruments - Cash and due from banks, fed funds purchased and sold, interest receivable and payable, and short-term borrowings are considered short-term instruments. For these short-term instruments their carrying amount approximates their fair value.

Securities held to maturity – The fair value of securities held to maturity is based upon quoted prices, if available. If quoted prices are not available, fair values are measured using independent pricing models or other model-based valuation techniques such as the present value of future cash flows, adjusted for the security's credit rating, prepayment assumptions and other factors such as credit loss assumptions. Level 1 securities include those traded on an active exchange, such as the New York Stock Exchange, U.S. Treasury securities that are traded by dealers or brokers in active over-the-counter markets and money market funds. Level 2 securities include mortgage-backed securities issued by government sponsored entities, municipal bonds and corporate debt securities. The Company had no securities held to maturity classified as Level 3 during any of the periods covered in these financial statements.

Restricted Equity Securities - It is not practical to determine the fair value of restricted equity securities due to restrictions placed on their transferability.

Originated and PNCI loans - The fair value of variable rate originated and PNCI loans is the current carrying value. The interest rates on these originated and PNCI loans are regularly adjusted to market rates. The fair value of other types of fixed rate originated and PNCI loans is estimated by discounting the future cash flows using current rates at which similar loans would be made to borrowers with similar credit ratings for the same remaining maturities. The allowance for loan losses is a reasonable estimate of the valuation allowance needed to adjust computed fair values for credit quality of certain originated and PNCI loans in the portfolio.

PCI Loans - PCI loans are measured at estimated fair value on the date of acquisition. Carrying value is calculated as the present value of expected cash flows and approximates fair value.

Deposit Liabilities - The fair value of demand deposits, savings accounts, and certain money market deposits is the amount payable on demand at the reporting date. These values do not consider the estimated fair value of the Company's core deposit intangible, which is a significant unrecognized asset of the Company. The fair value of time deposits and other borrowings is based on the discounted value of contractual cash flows.

Other Borrowings - The fair value of other borrowings is calculated based on the discounted value of the contractual cash flows using current rates at which such borrowings can currently be obtained.

Junior Subordinated Debentures - The fair value of junior subordinated debentures is estimated using a discounted cash flow model. The future cash flows of these instruments are extended to the next available redemption date or maturity date as appropriate based upon the spreads of recent issuances or quotes from brokers for comparable bank holding companies compared to the contractual spread of each junior subordinated debenture measured at fair value.

Commitments to Extend Credit and Standby Letters of Credit - The fair value of commitments is estimated using the fees currently charged to enter into similar agreements, taking into account the remaining terms of the agreements and the present credit worthiness of the counter parties. For fixed rate loan commitments, fair value also considers the difference between current levels of interest rates and the committed rates. The fair value of letters of credit is based on fees currently charged for similar agreements or on the estimated cost to terminate them or otherwise settle the obligation with the counter parties at the reporting date.

Fair values for financial instruments are management's estimates of the values at which the instruments could be exchanged in a transaction between willing parties. These estimates are subjective and may vary significantly from amounts that would be realized in actual transactions. In addition, other significant assets are not considered financial assets including, any mortgage banking operations, deferred tax assets, and premises and equipment. Further, the tax ramifications related to the realization of the unrealized gains and losses can have a significant effect on the fair value estimates and have not been considered in any of these estimates.

In January 2018, the Company adopted the provisions of Accounting Standard Update 2016-01 "Recognition and Measurement of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities", which requires the Company to use the exit price notion when measuring the fair value of financial instruments. The Company used the exit price notion for valuing financial instruments in 2018 and the entry price notion for valuing financial instruments in 2017. The estimated fair values of financial instruments that are reported at amortized cost in the Company's condensed consolidated balance sheets, segregated by the level of the valuation inputs within the fair value hierarchy utilized to measure fair value, were as follows (in thousands):

	September 30, 2018				Decembe	er 31, 2017		
		Carrying Amount		Fair Value	Carrying Amount		Fair Value	
Financial assets:								
Level 1 inputs:								
Cash and due from banks	\$	109,363	\$	109,363	\$ 105,968	\$	105,968	
Cash at Federal Reserve and other banks		117,180		117,180	99,460		99,460	
Level 2 inputs:								
Securities held to maturity		459,897		446,287	514,844		518,165	
Restricted equity securities		17,250		N/A	16,956		N/A	
Level 3 inputs:								
Loans, net		3,995,833		3,987,841	2,984,842		2,992,225	
Financial liabilities:								
Level 2 inputs:								
Deposits		5,093,117		5,088,024	4,009,131		4,006,620	
Other borrowings		282,831		282,831	122,166		122,166	
Level 3 inputs:								
Junior subordinated debt		56,996		58,930	56,858		58,466	
		Contract Amount		Fair Value	Contract Amount		Fair Value	
Off-balance sheet:								
Level 3 inputs:								
Commitments	\$	1,225,542	\$	12,255	\$ 933,542	\$	9,335	
Standby letters of credit		11,277		113	13,075		131	
Overdraft privilege commitments		107,956		1,080	98,260		983	

## **Note 19 - Regulatory Matters**

The Company is subject to various regulatory capital requirements administered by federal banking agencies. Failure to meet minimum capital requirements can initiate certain mandatory and possibly additional discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements. Under capital adequacy guidelines and the regulatory framework for prompt corrective action, the Company must meet specific capital guidelines that involve quantitative measures of the Company's assets, liabilities and certain off-balance-sheet items as calculated under regulatory accounting practices. The Company's capital amounts and classification are also subject to qualitative judgments by the regulators about components, risk weightings and other factors.

Quantitative measures established by regulation to ensure capital adequacy require the Company to maintain minimum amounts and ratios (set forth in the table below) of total, Tier 1, and common equity Tier 1 capital to risk-weighted assets, and of Tier 1 capital to average assets.

The following tables present actual and required capital ratios as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 for the Company and the Bank under Basel III Capital Rules. The minimum capital amounts presented include the minimum required capital levels as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 based on the then phased-in provisions of the Basel III Capital Rules and the minimum required capital levels as of January 1, 2019 when the Basel III Capital Rules have been fully phased-in. Capital levels required to be considered well capitalized are based upon prompt corrective action regulations, as amended to reflect the changes under the Basel III Capital Rules.

					Minimu	m Capital			Minimu	m Capital		Requir	ed to be	
					Required	<ul> <li>Basel III</li> </ul>			Required	<ul> <li>Basel III</li> </ul>		Conside	ered Well	
		Act	ual		Phase-in	Schedule			Fully P	hased In		Capit	talized	
		Amount	Ratio		Amount	Ratio			Amount	Ratio		Amount	Ratio	
As of September 30, 2018:						(dol	ars in	thousa	nds)					
Total Capital (to Risk Weighted A	Assets):													
Consolidated	\$	664,197	13.90	%	\$ 471,956	9.875	%	\$	501,826	10.50	%	N/A	N/A	
Tri Counties Bank	\$	658,075	13.77	%	\$ 471,784	9.875	%	\$	501,643	10.50	%	\$ 477,756	10.00	%
Tier 1 Capital (to Risk Weighted	Assets)	:												
Consolidated	\$	630,294	13.19	%	\$ 376,370	7.875	%	\$	406,240	8.50	%	N/A	N/A	
Tri Counties Bank	\$	624,172	13.06	%	\$ 376,233	7.875	%	\$	406,092	8.50	%	\$ 382,205	8.00	%
Common equity Tier 1 Capital (to	Risk V	Veighted Ass	sets):											
Consolidated	\$	575,010	12.03	%	\$ 304,680	6.375	%	\$	334,551	7.00	%	N/A	N/A	
Tri Counties Bank	\$	624,172	13.06	%	\$ 304,569	6.375	%	\$	334,429	7.00	%	\$ 310,541	6.50	%
Tier 1 Capital (to Average Assets)	):													
Consolidated	\$	630,294	10.66	%	\$ 236,503	4.000	%	\$	236,503	4.00	%	N/A	N/A	
Tri Counties Bank	\$	624,172	10.56	%	\$ 236,496	4.000	%	\$	236,496	4.00	%	\$ 295,620	5.00	%

		Actu	ıal		Mınımum Required – Phase-in S	- Basel III			Mınımur Required - Fully Pl	- Basel III		Conside	ed to be red Well alized	
		Amount	Ratio		Amount	Ratio			Amount	Ratio		Amount	Ratio	,
As of December 31, 2017:						(doll	ars in	thous	ands)					
Total Capital (to Risk Weighted	Assets):													
Consolidated	\$	528,805	14.07	%	\$ 347,694	9.250	%	\$	394,679	10.50	%	N/A	N/A	
Tri Counties Bank	\$	525,384	13.98	%	\$ 347,535	9.250	%	\$	394,499	10.50	%	\$ 375,713	10.00	%
Tier 1 Capital (to Risk Weighter	d Assets)	:												
Consolidated	\$	495,318	13.18	%	\$ 272,517	7.250	%	\$	319,502	8.50	%	N/A	N/A	
Tri Counties Bank	\$	491,897	13.09	%	\$ 272,392	7.250	%	\$	319,356	8.50	%	\$ 300,570	8.00	%
Common equity Tier 1 Capital (	to Risk V	Veighted A:												
Consolidated	\$	440,643	11.72	%	\$ 216,134	5.750	%	\$	263,120	7.00	%	N/A	N/A	
Tri Counties Bank	\$	491,897	13.09	%	\$ 216,035	5.750	%	\$	262,999	7.00	%	\$ 244,214	6.50	%
Tier 1 Capital (to Average Asse	ts):													
Consolidated	\$	495,318	10.80	%	\$ 183,400	4.000	%	\$	183,400	4.00	%	N/A	N/A	
Tri Counties Bank	\$	491,897	10.73	%	\$ 183,394	4.000	%	\$	183,394	4.00	%	\$ 229,243	5.00	%

As of September 30, 2018, capital levels at the Company and the Bank exceed all capital adequacy requirements under the Basel III Capital Rules on a fully phased-in basis. Also, at September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, the Bank's capital levels exceeded the minimum amounts necessary to be considered well capitalized under the current regulatory framework for prompt corrective action.

Beginning January 1, 2016, the Basel III Capital Rules implemented a requirement for all banking organizations to maintain a capital conservation buffer above the minimum risk-based capital requirements in order to avoid certain limitations on capital distributions, stock repurchases and discretionary bonus payments to executive officers. The capital conservation buffer is exclusively composed of common equity tier 1 capital, and it applies to each of the risk-based capital ratios but not the leverage ratio. At September 30, 2018, the Company and the Bank are in compliance with the capital conservation buffer requirement. The three risk-based capital ratios will increase by 0.625% each year through 2019, at which point, the common equity tier 1 risk-based, tier 1 risk-based and total risk-based capital ratio minimums will be 7.0%, 8.5% and 10.5%, respectively.

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

## FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

# **Cautionary Statements Regarding Forward-Looking Information**

Certain statements contained in this Form 10-Q that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements based on management's current expectations and beliefs concerning future developments and their potential effects on the Company. Such statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties, many of which are difficult to predict and are generally beyond our control. There can be no assurance that future developments affecting us will be the same as those anticipated by management. We caution readers that a number of important factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in, or implied or projected by, such forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the following: the strength of the United States economy in general and the strength of the local economies in which we conduct operations; the effects of, and changes in, trade, monetary and fiscal policies and laws, including interest rate policies of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; inflation, interest rate, market and monetary fluctuations; the impact of changes in financial services policies, laws and regulations; technological changes; mergers and acquisitions (including costs or difficulties related to integration of acquired companies); changes in the level of our nonperforming assets and charge-offs; any deterioration in values of California real estate, both residential and commercial; the effect of changes in accounting standards and practices; possible other-than-temporary impairment of securities held by us; changes in consumer spending, borrowing and savings habits; our ability to attract deposits and other sources of liquidity; changes in the financial performance and/or condition of our borrowers; the impact of competition from other financial service providers; the possibility that any of the anticipated benefits of our recent merger with FNB Bancorp ("FNBB") will not be realized or will not be realized within the expected time period, or that integration of FNBB's operations will be more costly or difficult than expected; the challenges of integrating and retaining key employees; unanticipated regulatory or judicial proceedings; the costs and effects of litigation and of unexpected or adverse outcomes in such litigation; and our ability to manage the risks involved in the foregoing. Additional factors that could cause results to differ materially from those described above can be found in in Part II Item 1A of this report and our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017, which is on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and available in the "Investor Relations" section of our website, https://www.tcbk.com/investor-relations and in other documents we file with the SEC.

## General

As TriCo Bancshares (referred to in this report as "we", "our" or the "Company") has not commenced any business operations independent of Tri Counties Bank (the "Bank"), the following discussion pertains primarily to the Bank. Average balances, including such balances used in calculating certain financial ratios, are generally comprised of average daily balances for the Company. Within Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, interest income, net interest income, net interest yield, and efficiency ratio are generally presented on a fully tax-equivalent ("FTE") basis. The Company believes the use of these non-generally accepted accounting principles (non-GAAP) measures provides additional clarity in assessing its results, and the presentation of these measures on a FTE basis is a common practice within the banking industry. Interest income and net interest income are shown on a non-FTE basis in the Part I – Financial Information section of this Form 10-Q, and a reconciliation of the FTE and non-FTE presentations is provided below in the discussion of net interest income.

## **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

The Company's discussion and analysis of its financial condition and results of operations are based upon the Company's consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The preparation of these financial statements requires the Company to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, the Company evaluates its estimates, including those that materially affect the financial statements and are related to the adequacy of the allowance for loan losses, investments, mortgage servicing rights, fair value measurements, retirement plans and intangible assets. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. A detailed discussion related to the Company's accounting policies including those related to estimates on the allowance for loan losses, other than temporary impairment of investments and impairment of intangible assets, can be found in Note 1 of the financial statements included in the Company's annual report of Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

# **Geographical Descriptions**

For the purpose of describing the geographical location of the Company's loans, the Company has defined northern California as that area of California north of, and including, Stockton; central California as that area of the State south of Stockton, to and including, Bakersfield; and southern California as that area of the State south of Bakersfield.

# **Financial Highlights**

Performance highlights and other developments for the Company included the following:

- For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, the Company's return on average assets was 1.05% and 1.15% and the return on average equity was 9.11% and 10.44%.
- The Company completed the merger of FNBB effective July 6, 2018 with the systems integration being achieved just two weeks later.
- As of September 30, 2018, the Company reached record levels of total assets, total loans and total deposits which were \$6.32 billion, \$4.03 billion and \$5.09 billion, respectively.
- The loan to deposit ratio increased to 79.1% at September 30, 2018 as compared to 77.2% at June 30, 2018 and 75.2% at December 31, 2017.
- Net interest margin grew 18 basis points to 4.32% on a tax equivalent basis as compared to 4.14% in the trailing quarter.
- Annualized organic loan and deposit growth during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 was 7.9% and 3.1%. During the current quarter, organic loan and deposit growth was 5.9% and 2.4% on an annualized basis.
- Non-interest bearing deposits as a percentage of total deposits were 33.6% at September 30, 2018 and June 30, 2018 as compared to 34.1% at December 31, 2017.
- The average rate of interest paid on deposits, including noninterest-bearing deposits, remained low and stable at 0.16%. This incorporates the impact of the FNBB deposit portfolio which had a 0.24% average cost of total deposits on the day of acquisition.
- Non-performing assets to total assets were 0.46% as of September 30, 2018 as compared to 0.55% and 0.58% at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

## TRICO BANCSHARES

Financial Summary

(In thousands, except per share amounts; unaudited)

Provision for (benefit from) loan losses         2,651         765         1,777         (1, Noninterest income           Noninterest expense         12,186         12,930         36,650         37           Noninterest expense         (47,378)         (37,222)         (123,410)         (108, 108)	ns ended er 30,	
Provision for (benefit from) loan losses         2,651         765         1,777         (1, Noninterest income           Noninterest expense         12,186         12,930         36,650         37           Noninterest expense         (47,378)         (37,222)         (123,410)         (108,		
Noninterest income 12,186 12,930 36,650 37 Noninterest expense (47,378) (37,222) (123,410) (108,	29,511	
Noninterest expense (47,378) (37,222) (123,410) (108,	1,588)	
	37,543	
Provision for income taxes $(6,476)$ $(7,130)$ $(17,698)$ $(22,$	8,948)	
	2,129)	
Net income \$ 16,170 \$ 11,897 \$ 45,109 \$ 37	37,565	
Share Data		
Earnings per share:		
Basic \$ 0.54 \$ 0.52 \$ 1.78 \$	1.64	
Diluted \$ 0.53 \$ 0.51 \$ 1.76 \$	1.62	
Per share:		
Dividends paid \$ 0.17 \$ 0.51 \$	0.49	
Book value at period end \$ 26.37 \$ 22.09		
Average common shares outstanding 30,011 22,932 25,317 22	22,901	
Average diluted common shares outstanding 30,291 23,244 25,617 23	23,239	
Shares outstanding at period end 30,418 22,941		
Financial Ratios		
During the period (annualized):		
Return on average assets 1.05% 1.02% 1.15% 1.	1.14%	
Return on average equity 9.11% 9.38% 10.44% 10.	0.09%	
Net interest margin <sup>1</sup> 4.32% 4.26% 4.21% 4.	4.19%	
-	65.2%	
Average equity to average assets 11.5% 11.1% 11.0% 10	10.9%	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Fully taxable equivalent (FTE)

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	S	September 30,	June 30,	March 31,	]	December 31,	5	September 30,
Balance Sheet Data		2018	 2018	 2018		2017		2017
Total assets	\$	6,318,865	\$ 4,863,153	\$ 4,779,957	\$	4,761,315	\$	4,656,435
Total investments		1,535,953	1,251,776	1,251,776		1,262,683		1,231,759
Total loans		4,027,436	3,116,789	3,069,733		3,015,165		2,931,613
Total non-interest bearing deposits		1,710,505	1,369,834	1,359,996		1,368,218		1,283,949
Total deposits		5,093,117	4,077,222	4,084,404		4,009,131		3,927,456
Total other borrowings		282,831	153,839	65,041		122,166		98,730
Total junior subordinated debt		56,996	56,950	56,905		56,858		56,810
Total shareholders' equity		802,115	512,344	505,256		505,808		506,733
Total tangible equity (1)	\$	550,432	\$ 443,537	\$ 436,110	\$	436,323	\$	436,909

<sup>(1)</sup> Tangible equity is calculated by subtracting Goodwill and Other intangible assets from Total shareholders' equity.

Ending balances		As of Se	otember	30,			Acquired	Organic	Organic
(\$'s in thousands)	_	2018		2017	\$ Change		Balances	\$ Change	% Change
Total assets	\$	6,318,865	\$	4,656,435	\$ 1,662,430	\$	1,463,199	\$ 199,231	4.28%
Total loans		4,027,436		2,931,613	1,095,823		834,683	261,140	8.91%
Total investments		1,535,953		1,231,759	304,194		335,667	(31,473)	(2.56%)
Total deposits	S.	5,093,117	\$	3,927,456	\$ 1,165,661	S	991,935	\$ 173,726	4.42%

## **Results of Operations**

#### Overview

The following discussion and analysis is designed to provide a better understanding of the significant changes and trends related to the Company and the Bank's financial condition, operating results, asset and liability management, liquidity and capital resources and should be read in conjunction with the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company and the Notes thereto located at Item 1 of this report.

The Company reported net income of \$16,170,000 for the quarter ended September 30, 2018, compared to \$15,029,000 and \$11,897,000 for the trailing quarter and the three months ended September 30, 2017, respectively. Diluted earnings per share were \$0.53 for the quarter ended September 30, 2018, compared to \$0.65 and \$0.51 for the trailing quarter and three months ended September 30, 2017. Overall results for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018 were primarily benefited by the acquisition of First National Bank of Northern California, the wholly owned subsidiary of FNB Bancorp, effective July 6, 2018. In connection with the acquisition and subsequent integration and restructuring, the Company incurred a variety of expenses. During the three and nine month periods ended September 30, 2018 total non-interest expenses increased by \$10,156,000 and \$14,462,000 as compared to the same periods in 2017. The non-recurring costs included in those increases were \$4,150,000 and \$5,227,000 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018. The Company continued to benefit from the reduction in Federal income tax rate which declined to 21% effective January 1, 2018 as compared to 35% in prior periods.

In addition to the \$834,683,000 in loans acquired, recorded net of a \$33,417,000 discount, organic loan growth totaled \$177,588,000 or an annualized rate of 7.9% during the first nine months of 2018. In addition to the \$991,935,000 in acquired deposits, organic deposit growth for the first nine months of 2018 was \$92,051,000 or 3.1% on an annualized basis. Total assets acquired from FNB Bancorp totaled \$1,306,539,000, inclusive of the core deposit intangible. Goodwill associated with the acquisition of FNB Bancorp was \$156,661,000 and the core deposit intangible, which will be amortized over an estimated weighted average life of 6.2 years, was \$27,605,000.

Following is a summary of the components of FTE net income for the periods indicated (dollars in thousands):

	Three mor		Nine mon Septem		
	2018	2017	2018	2017	
Net interest income (FTE)	\$ 60,846	\$ 44,708	\$ 152,326	\$ 131,385	
Provision for (benefit from) loan losses	2,651	765	1,777	(1,588)	
Noninterest income	12,186	12,930	36,650	37,543	
Noninterest expense	(47,378)	(37,222)	(123,410)	(108,948)	
Provision for income taxes (FTE)	 (6,833)	(7,754)	 (18,680)	(24,003)	
Net income	\$ 16,170	\$ 11,897	\$ 45,109	\$ 37,565	

# **Net Interest Income**

The Company's primary source of revenue is net interest income, or the difference between interest income on interest-earning assets and interest expense on interest-bearing liabilities. Following is a summary of the components of net interest income for the periods indicated (dollars in thousands):

		Three mor					
		2018		2017	\$	Change	% Change
Interest income	\$	64,554	\$	45,913	\$	18,641	40.6%
Interest expense		(4,065)		(1,829)		(2,236)	122.3%
Net interest income (not FTE)		60,489		44,084		16,405	37.2%
FTE adjustment		357		624		(267)	(42.8%)
Net interest income (FTE)	\$	60,846	\$	44,708	\$	16,138	36.1%
Net interest margin (FTE)		4.32%		4.24%			
Acquired loans discount accretion:							
Purchased loan discount accretion	\$	2,098	\$	1,364			
Effect on average loan yield		0.21%		0.19%			
Effect of purchased loan discount accretion on net interest margin (FTE)		0.15%		0.13%			
		Three mo	nths en	ded			
	Se	ptember 30,					
		2018	Jun	ie 30, 2018		\$ Change	% Change
Interest income	\$	64,554	\$	48,478	\$	16,076	33.2%
Interest expense		(4,065)		(2,609)		(1,456)	55.8%
Net interest income (not FTE)		60,489		45,869		14,620	31.9%
FTE adjustment		357		313		44	14.1%
Net interest income (FTE)	\$	60,846	\$	46,182	\$	14,664	31.8%
Net interest margin (FTE)		4.32%		4.14%			
Acquired loans discount accretion:							
Purchased loan discount accretion	\$	2,098	\$	559			
Effect on average loan yield	Ψ	0.21%	Ψ	0.07%			
Effect of purchased loan discount accretion on net interest margin (FTE)		0.21%		0.05%			
	Nine months Septembe			2017	•	§ Change	% Change
Interest income	\$	160,153	\$	134,441	\$	25,712	19.1%
Interest expense	J.	(8,809)	Φ	(4,930)	Φ	(3,879)	78.7%
Net interest income (not FTE)		151.344		129,511		21,833	16.9%
FTE adjustment		982		1,874		(892)	(47.6%)
Net interest income (FTE)	\$	152,326	\$	131,385	\$	20,941	15.9%
Net interest income (FTE)	<u>Ψ</u>		Ψ		Ψ	20,741	13.57
Net interest margin (FTE)		4.21%		4.21%			
Acquired loans discount accretion:							
Purchased loan discount accretion	\$	3,289	\$	5,075			
Effect on average loan yield		0.13%		0.24%			
Effect of purchased loan discount accretion on net interest margin (FTE)		0.09%		0.16%			

# Summary of Average Balances, Yields/Rates and Interest Differential

The following table presents, for the periods indicated, information regarding the Company's consolidated average assets, liabilities and shareholders' equity, the amounts of interest income from average interest-earning assets and resulting yields, and the amount of interest expense paid on interest-bearing liabilities. Average loan balances include nonperforming loans. Interest income includes proceeds from loans on nonaccrual loans only to the extent cash payments have been received and applied to interest income. Yields on securities and certain loans have been adjusted upward to reflect the effect of income thereon exempt from federal income taxation at the current statutory tax rate (dollars in thousands).

	For the three months ended									
			Septer	mber 30, 2018				Septer	mber 30, 2017	
		Average Balance	I	nterest ncome/ Expense	Rates Earned /Paid		Average Balance	In	nterest ncome/ xpense	Rates Earned /Paid
Assets:										
Loans	\$	4,028,462	\$	53,102	5.27 %	\$	2,878,944	\$	37,268	5.18 %
Investment securities - taxable		1,336,361		9,648	2.89 %		1,114,112		7,312	2.63 %
Investment securities - nontaxable (1)		153,704		1,546	4.02 %		136,095		1,665	4.89 %
Total investments		1,490,065		11,194	3.00 %		1,250,207		8,977	2.87 %
Cash at Federal Reserve and other banks		119,635		615	2.06 %		85,337		292	1.37 %
Total interest-earning assets		5,638,162		64,911	4.61 %		4,214,488		46,537	4.42 %
Other assets		530,182					357,936			
Total assets	\$	6,168,344				\$	4,572,424			
Liabilities and shareholders' equity:										
Interest-bearing demand deposits	\$	1,125,159		248	0.09 %	\$	949,348		206	0.09 %
Savings deposits		1,803,022		833	0.18 %		1,365,249		419	0.12 %
Time deposits		430,286		991	0.92 %		310,325		403	0.52 %
Total interest-bearing deposits		3,358,467		2,072	0.25 %		2,624,922		1,028	0.16 %
Other borrowings		246,637		1,178	1.91 %		65,234		149	0.91 %
Junior subordinated debt		56,973		815	5.72 %		56,784		652	4.59 %
Total interest-bearing liabilities		3,662,077		4,065	0.44 %		2,746,940		1,829	0.27 %
Noninterest-bearing deposits		1,710,374					1,253,261			
Other liabilities		86,131					64,834			
Shareholders' equity		709,762					507,389			
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	6,168,344				\$	4,572,424			
Net interest spread (2)					4.17 %					4.15 %
Net interest income and interest margin (3)			\$	60,846	4.32 %			\$	44,708	4.24 %

				For the nine r	nonths 6	ended			
		Septe	mber 30, 2018				Septe	ember 30, 2017	
	Average Balance	I	nterest ncome/ expense	Rates Earned /Paid		Average Balance	1	Interest Income/ Expense	Rates Earned /Paid
Assets:			<u> </u>						
Loans	\$ 3,390,447	\$	130,455	5.13 %	\$	2,807,453	\$	108,600	5.16 %
Investment securities - taxable	1,195,541		25,042	2.79 %		1,076,887		21,637	2.68 %
Investment securities - nontaxable (1)	142,061		4,254	3.99 %		136,213		4,998	4.89 %
Total investments	1,337,602		29,296	2.92 %		1,213,100		26,635	2.93 %
Cash at Federal Reserve and other banks	101,889		1,384	1.81 %		139,739		1,080	1.03 %
Total interest-earning assets	4,829,938		161,135	4.45 %		4,160,292		136,315	4.37 %
Other assets	416,520					359,489			
Total assets	\$ 5,246,458				\$	4,519,781			
Liabilities and shareholders' equity:									
Interest-bearing demand deposits	\$ 1,038,775		673	0.09 %	\$	931,079		534	0.08 %
Savings deposits	1,524,048		1,671	0.15 %		1,364,812		1,253	0.12 %
Time deposits	350,559		2,058	0.78 %		321,150		1,109	0.46 %
Total interest-bearing deposits	2,913,382		4,402	0.20 %		2,617,041		2,896	0.15 %
Other borrowings	165,026		2,106	1.70 %		34,413		164	0.64 %
Junior subordinated debt	56,928		2,301	5.39 %		56,737		1,870	4.39 %
Total interest-bearing liabilities	3,135,336		8,809	0.37 %		2,708,191		4,930	0.24 %
Noninterest-bearing deposits	1,462,209					1,247,201			
Other liabilities	72,772					67,854			
Shareholders' equity	576,141				_	496,535			
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 5,246,458				\$	4,519,781			
Net interest spread (2)				4.08 %					4.13 %
Net interest income and interest margin (3)		\$	152,326	4.21 %			\$	131,385	4.21 %

<sup>(1)</sup> Fully taxable equivalent (FTE)

<sup>(2)</sup> Net interest spread represents the average yield earned on interest-earning assets minus the average rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities.

<sup>(3)</sup> Net interest margin is computed by calculating the difference between interest income and interest expense, divided by the average balance of interest-earning assets.

# Summary of Changes in Interest Income and Expense due to Changes in Average Asset and Liability Balances and Yields Earned and Rates Paid

The following table sets forth a summary of the changes in interest income and interest expense from changes in average asset and liability balances (volume) and changes in average interest rates for the periods indicated. Changes not solely attributable to volume or rates have been allocated in proportion to the respective volume and rate components (in thousands).

Three months ended September 30, 2018 compared with three months ended September 30, 2017

	017				
V	olume	I	Rate		Total
<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
\$	14,886	\$	948	\$	15,834
	1,676		541		2,217
	117		206		323
	16,679		1,695		18,374
	40		2		42
	131		283		414
	156		432		588
	413		616		1,029
	2		161		163
	742		1,494		2,236
\$	15,937	\$	201	\$	16,138
		Volume  \$ 14,886	Volume  \$ 14,886 \$ 1,676	Volume         Rate           \$ 14,886         \$ 948           1,676         541           117         206           16,679         1,695           40         2           131         283           156         432           413         616           2         161           742         1,494	\$ 14,886 \$ 948 \$ 1,676 541 117 206

Nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared with nine months ended September 30, 2017

	ended septemeer 50, 2017										
	V	olume		Rate		Total					
Increase (decrease) in interest income:											
Loans	\$	22,562	\$	(707)	\$	21,855					
Investment securities		2,599		62		2,661					
Cash at Federal Reserve and other banks		(292)		596		304					
Total interest-earning assets		24,869		(49)		24,820					
Increase in interest expense:											
Interest-bearing demand deposits		65		74		139					
Savings deposits		143		275		418					
Time deposits		101		848		949					
Other borrowings		627		1,315		1,942					
Junior subordinated debt		6		425		431					
Total interest-bearing liabilities		942		2,937		3,879					
Increase (decrease) in net interest income	\$	23,927	\$	(2,986)	\$	20,941					

The following commentary regarding net interest income, interest income and interest expense may be best understood while referencing the Summary of Average Balances, Yields/Rates and Interest Differential and the Summary of Changes in Interest Income and Expense due to Changes in Average Asset and Liability Balances and Yields Earned and Rates Paid shown above.

Net interest income (FTE) during the three months ended September 30, 2018 increased \$16,138,000 or 36.1% to \$60,846,000 compared to \$44,708,000 during the three months ended September 30, 2017. The increase in net interest income (FTE) was due primarily to an increase in the average balance of loans and a 9 basis point increase in yield on loans, which was partially offset due to an increase in the average balance of interest-bearing liabilities and a 17 basis point increase in the average rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities.

The index utilized in a significant portion of the Company's variable rate loans, Wall Street Journal Prime, has increased by 1.00% to 5.25% at September 30, 2018 as compared to 4.25% at September 30, 2017. The 9 basis point increase in loan yields from 5.18% during the three months ended September 30, 2018 was primarily due to increases in market rates. More specifically, increases in purchased loan discount accretion between the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 contributed to an increase net interest margin by only 2 basis points. More importantly, yields on loans increased 21 basis points as compared to the prior quarter from 5.06% for the three months ended June 30, 2018 of which 14 basis points were contributed by increases in loan discount accretion and the remaining 7 basis points were contributed by changes in the coupon rate associated with loans. On their acquisition date, the weighted average coupon rate was 4.88% for loans acquired during the three month period ended September 30, 2018.

The increase in the average rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities for the trailing and comparable quarters of 8 basis points and 17 basis points, respectively, was due in part to differences in market rates associated with deposits acquired from First National Bank of Northern California and to increases in the variable rates paid on other borrowings and subordinated debt. The weighted average rate associated with interest bearing acquired deposits was 0.29% for non-time deposits and 0.92% for time deposits on the day of acquisition. The rate paid on other borrowings was 2.31% at September 30, 2018 as compared to 2.05% and 1.11% as of the trailing quarter and the same quarter in the prior year, respectively.

Net interest income (FTE) during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 increased \$20,941,000 or 15.9% to \$152,326,000 compared to \$131,385,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2017. The increase in net interest income (FTE) was due primarily to an increase in the average balance of loans, which was partially offset by an increase in the average balance of interest-bearing liabilities and a 13 basis point increase in the average rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the average balance of loans increased by \$582,994,000 or 20.8% to \$3,390,447,000. The increase in net interest income was partially offset by a decrease in the year-to-date purchased loan discount accretion from \$5,075,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 to \$3,289,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2018. This decrease in purchased loan discount accretion reduced loan yields by 11 basis points, and net interest margin by 7 basis points. The 13 basis point increase in the average rate paid on interest-bearing liabilities was primarily due to increases in market rates that increased the rates the Company pays on its time deposits, overnight borrowings, and junior subordinated debt.

Also affecting net interest margin during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, was the decrease in the Federal tax rate from 35% to 21%. This decrease in the Federal tax rate caused the fully tax-equivalent (FTE) yield on the Company's nontaxable investments to decrease from 4.89% during the nine months ended September 30, 2017 to 3.99% during the nine months ended September 30, 2018.

As of September 30, 2018, the Bank's \$4,082,558,000 principal balance of loans, net of charge-offs, and not including deferred loan fees and purchase discounts, was made up of loans with principal balances totaling \$1,297,815,000 that have fixed interest rates, and \$2,784,743,000 of loans with interest rates that are variable. Included in the balance of variable rate loans as of September 30, 2018 were loans with principal balances of approximately \$687,114,000 that had adjustable interest rates tied to the prime lending rate that adjust on or near the date of any prime rate change.

## **Asset Quality and Loan Loss Provisioning**

The Company recorded provisions for loan losses of \$2,651,000 and \$765,000 during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. While the Company did record net charge-offs of \$572,000 during the third quarter of 2018 as compared to net charge-offs of \$161,000 in the 2017 quarter, the primary cause for the increase in provision for loan losses was due to changes in the Company's analysis of qualitative factors associated with the California economy. More specifically, the Company has become more cautious about the risks associated with trends in California real estate prices and the decrease in affordability of housing in the markets served by the Company. Loan growth, excluding acquired loans, also contributed to the need for additional provisioning.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018 the Company recorded a loan loss provision of \$1,777,000 as compared to a reversal of provision for loan losses of \$1,588,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2017. Nonperforming loans were \$27,148,000, or 0.67% of loans outstanding as of September 30, 2018, compared to \$25,420,000, or 0.81% of loans outstanding as of June 30, 2018 and \$24,394,000 or 0.81% of loans outstanding as of December 31, 2017. The fair value of loans acquired with deteriorated credit quality during the current quarter totaled \$1,302,000.

The Company continued to experience improvement in the overall credit quality of its loan portfolio. At September 30, 2018 loans past due greater than thirty days totaled \$13,218,000 or 0.33% of loans outstanding, as compared to \$11,626,000 or 0.37% at June 30, 2018 and \$11,609,000 or 0.39% at December 31, 2017. At September 30, 2018, classified loans, which includes loans graded substandard or worse plus PCI loans, totaled \$45,548,000 (1.13% of total loans) compared to \$44,202,000 (1.40%) and \$53,593,000 (1.78%) at June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively.

# **Noninterest Income**

The following table summarizes the Company's noninterest income for the periods indicated (in thousands):

	Three months ended September 30,								
		2018	201	7	\$	Change	% Change		
ATM and interchange fees	\$	4,590	\$	4,209	\$	381	9.1%		
Service charges on deposit accounts		4,015		4,160		(145)	(3.5%)		
Other service fees		676		917		(241)	(26.3%)		
Mortgage banking service fees		499		514		(15)	(2.9%)		
Change in value of mortgage servicing rights		(37)	_	(325)		288	(88.6%)		
Total service charges and fees		9,743		9,475		268	2.8%		
Commissions on sale of non-deposit									
investment products		728		672		56	8.3%		
Increase in cash value of life insurance		732		732		-	0.0%		
Gain on sale of loans		539		606		(67)	(11.1%)		
Lease brokerage income		186		234		(48)	(20.5%)		
Gain on sale of foreclosed assets		2		37		(35)	(94.6%)		
Sale of customer checks		88		89		(1)	(1.1%)		
Gain on sale of investment securities		207		961		(754)	(78.5%)		
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		(152)		(33)		(119)	360.6%		
Loss on marketable equity securities		(22)		-		(22)	-		
Other		135		157		(22)	(14.0%)		
Total other noninterest income		2,443		3,455		(1,012)	(29.3%)		
Total noninterest income	\$	12,186	\$	12,930	\$	(744)	(5.8%)		

Noninterest income decreased \$744,000 (5.8%) to \$12,186,000 during the three months ended September 30, 2018 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2017. The decrease in noninterest income was due to the changes noted in the table above. The decrease of \$241,000 (26.3%) in other service fees was caused primarily by a decrease in merchant residual income due to the lagging effect of transitioning to a new processor, decreasing from \$362,000 during the three months ended September 30, 2017 to \$161,000 during the three months ended September 30, 2018. Gains from sales of investments securities decreased by \$754,000 (78.5%) due to less sales activity during the three month period ending September 30, 2018. Offsetting the decreases in non-interest income was an increase of \$288,000 (88.6%) in change in value of mortgage servicing rights (MSRs) due to slight decreases in estimated prepayment speeds during the three months ended September 30, 2018.

	Nine months ended September 30,							
	-	2018		2017	\$	Change	% Change	
ATM and interchange fees	\$	13,335	\$	12,472	\$	863	6.9%	
Service charges on deposit accounts		11,407		12,102		(695)	(5.7%)	
Other service fees		2,020		2,521		(501)	(19.9%)	
Mortgage banking service fees		1,527		1,561		(34)	(2.2%)	
Change in value of mortgage servicing rights		38		(795)		833	(104.8%)	
Total service charges and fees		28,327		27,861		466	1.7%	
Commissions on sale of non-deposit investment products		2,414		1,984		430	21.7%	
Increase in cash value of life insurance		1,996		2,043		(47)	(2.3%)	
Gain on sale of loans		1,831		2,293		(462)	(20.1%)	
Lease brokerage income		514		601		(87)	(14.5%)	
Gain on sale of foreclosed assets		390		308		82	26.6%	
Sale of customer checks		327		287		40	13.9%	
Gain on sale of investment securities		207		961		(754)	(78.5%)	
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		(206)		(61)		(145)	237.7%	
Loss on marketable equity securities		(92)		-		(92)	-	
Other		942		1,266		(324)	(25.6%)	
Total other noninterest income		8,323		9,682		(1,359)	(14.0%)	
Total noninterest income	\$	36,650	\$	37,543	\$	(893)	(2.4%)	

Noninterest income decreased \$893,000 (2.4%) to \$36,650,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2017. The decrease in noninterest income was due to the changes noted in the table above. The \$695,000 (5.7%) decrease in service charges on deposit accounts was made up of a \$688,000 (10%) decrease in nonsufficient fund (NSF) fees to \$6,220,000, and a \$7,000 (0.1%) decrease in other deposit account service charges to \$5,188,000. The decrease in NSF fees was due primarily to continued growth in customer adoption of the Company's digital services that improves the ability of customers to manage funds and avoid overdrafts. The decrease in other deposit service charges was due primarily to the rapid growth of customer adoption of e-Statements that reduces statement fees. While both of these revenue generating activities decreased, the Company has a net benefit through a reduction in actual operational costs. The decrease of \$467,000 (18.5%) in other service fees was caused primarily by a decrease in merchant residual income due to the lagging effect of transitioning to a new processor, decreasing from \$890,000 during the prior nine month period to \$471,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2018. Gains from sales of investments securities decreased by \$754,000 (78.5%) due to less sales activity during the nine month period ending September 30, 2018. The \$833,000 (104.8%) increase in change in value of mortgage servicing rights (MSRs) was due to slight decreases in prepayment speeds during the nine months ended September 30, 2018. During the nine months ended September 30, 2017, the Company recorded other non-interest income of \$490,000 related to the termination of a loss sharing agreement with the FDIC.

# Noninterest Expense

The following table summarizes the Company's noninterest expense for the periods indicated (dollars in thousands):

	 7	Three mon	ths ended S	Septeml	per 30,	
	2018	20	)17	\$ (	Change	% Change
Base salaries, net of deferred loan origination costs	\$ 17,051	\$	13,600	\$	3,451	25.4%
Incentive compensation	3,223		2,609		614	23.5%
Benefits and other compensation costs	 5,549		4,724		825	17.5%
Total salaries and benefits expense	 25,823		20,933		4,890	23.4%
Occupancy	3,173		2,799		374	13.4%
Data processing and software	2,786		2,495		291	11.7%
Merger and acquisition expense	4,150		-		4,150	
Equipment	1,750		1,816		(66)	(3.6%)
Intangible amortization	1,390		339		1,051	310.0%
Advertising	1,341		1,039		302	29.1%
ATM and POS network charges	1,195		1,425		(230)	(16.1%)
Professional fees	929		901		28	3.1%
Telecommunications	819		716		103	14.4%
Regulatory assessments and insurance	537		427		110	25.8%
Courier service	278		235		43	18.3%
Postage	275		325		(50)	(15.4%)
Operational losses	217		301		(84)	(27.9%)
Foreclosed assets expense	93		41		52	126.8%
Provision for (reversal of) foreclosed asset losses	(1)		134		(135)	(100.7%)
Other miscellaneous expense	 2,623		3,296		(673)	(20.4%)
Total other noninterest expense	21,555		16,289		5,266	32.3%
Total noninterest expense	\$ 47,378	\$	37,222	\$	10,156	27.3%
verage full-time equivalent staff	1,146		993		153	15.4%

Salary and benefit expenses increased \$4,890,000 (23.4%) to \$25,823,000 during the three months ended September 30, 2018 compared to \$20,933,000 during the three months ended September 30, 2017. Base salaries, net of deferred loan origination costs increased \$3,451,000 (25.4%) to \$17,051,000. The increase in base salaries was primarily due to the additional full-time equivalent employees acquired with the FNBB merger. Average full-time equivalent employees increased by 153 or 15.4% during the comparable quarters. In addition, increases in base salaries due to annual merit increases and the addition of employees with base salaries above the average base salary also contributed to the increase. Commissions and incentive compensation increased \$614,000 (23.5%) to \$3,223,000 during the three months ended September 30, 2018 compared to the year-ago quarter. Benefits & other compensation expense increased \$825,000 (17.5%) to \$5,549,000 during the three months ended September 30, 2018 due primarily to the increase in full time equivalent employees and to a lesser extent an increase in health insurance expense. Severance and other merger related non-recurring compensation costs are included with "merger and acquisition expense" in the table above.

Other noninterest expense increased \$5,266,000 (32.3%) to \$21,555,000 during the three months ended September 30, 2018 compared to the three months ended September 30, 2017. The increase in other noninterest expense was due to the changes noted in the table above. During the three months ended September 30, 2018, the Company incurred \$4,150,000 of merger related expense associated with the merger with FNB Bancorp.

	 1	Nine inc	nins ended S	epteme	oci 50,		
	 2018		2017	\$ (	Change	% Change	
Base salaries, net of deferred loan origination costs	\$ 45,442	\$	40,647	\$	4,795	11.8%	
Incentive compensation	7,834		6,980		854	12.2%	
Benefits and other compensation costs	15,652		14,693		959	6.5%	
Total salaries and benefits expense	 68,928		62,320		6,608	10.6%	
Occupancy	8,574		8,196		378	4.6%	
Data processing and software	7,979		7,332		647	8.8%	
Merger and acquisition expense	5,227		-		5,227		
Equipment	4,938		5,344		(406)	(7.6%)	
ATM and POS network charges	3,858		3,353		505	15.1%	
Advertising	3,214		3,173		41	1.3%	
Professional fees	2,475		2,357		118	5.0%	
Telecommunications	2,201		2,027		174	8.6%	
Regulatory assessments and insurance	1,384		1,252		132	10.5%	
Intangible amortization	2,068		1,050		1,018	97.0%	
Postage	934		1,058		(124)	(11.7%)	
Courier service	769		752		17	2.3%	
Operational losses	763		1,166		(403)	(34.6%)	
Foreclosed assets expense	297		117		180	153.8%	
Provision for (reversal of) foreclosed asset losses	89		162		(73)	(45.1%)	
Other miscellaneous expense	 9,712		9,289		423	4.6%	
Total other noninterest expense	 54,482		46,628		7,854	16.8%	
Total noninterest expense	\$ 123,410	\$	108,948	\$	14,462	13.3%	
Average full-time equivalent staff	1,050		1,005		45	4.5%	

Salary and benefit expenses increased \$6,608,000 (10.6%) to \$68,928,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to \$62,320,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2017. Base salaries, net of deferred loan origination costs increased \$4,795,000 (11.8%) to \$45,442,000. The increase in base salaries was primarily due to the additional full-time equivalent employees acquired with the FNBB merger. Average full-time equivalent employees increased by 45 or 4.5% during the comparable nine month periods. In addition, increases in base salaries due to annual merit increases and the addition of employees with base salaries above the average base salary also contributed to the increase. Commissions and incentive compensation increased \$854,000 (12.2%) to \$7,834,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to the prior year-to-date period. Benefits & other compensation expense increased \$959,000 (6.5%) to \$15,652,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 due primarily to the increase in full time equivalent employees and to a lesser extent an increase in health insurance expense.

Nine months ended September 30.

Other noninterest expense increased \$7,854,000 (16.8%) to \$54,482,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2017. The increase in other noninterest expense was due to the changes noted in the table above. During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the Company incurred \$5,227,000 of merger related expense associated with the merger with FNB Bancorp.

# **Income Taxes**

The effective combined Federal and State income tax rate on income was 28.6% and 28.2% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2018, and 37.5% and 37.1% for the three and nine months ending September 30, 2017. This decrease in effective combined Federal and State income tax rate was due primarily to a decrease in the Federal tax rate from 35% to 21% effective January 1, 2018.

# **Financial Condition**

#### **Investment Securities**

Debt securities available for sale increased \$361,066,000 to \$1,089,011,000 as of September 30, 2018, compared to December 31, 2017. This increase is attributable to purchases of \$370,843,000 that were primarily funded with proceeds from sales of securities of \$293,279,000 from the FNBB merger, maturities and principal repayments of \$54,510,000, a decrease in fair value of investments securities available for sale of \$29,704,000 and amortization of net purchase price premiums of \$1,209,000.

The following table presents the available for sale debt securities portfolio by major type as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

(dollars in thousands)		September 3	30, 2018	December 31, 2017			
	F	air Value	%	Fa	air Value	%	
Debt securities available for sale:							
Obligations of U.S. government and agencies	\$	638,876	60.5%	\$	604,789	83.1%	
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		123,420	11.7%		123,156	16.9%	
Corporate bonds		4,431	0.4%		-	0.0%	
Asset backed securities		289,233	27.4%		-	0.0%	
Total debt securities available for sale	\$	1,055,960	100.0%	\$	727,945	100.0%	

Investment securities held to maturity decreased \$54,857,000 to \$459,897,000 as of September 30, 2018, as compared to December 31, 2017. This decrease is attributable to principal repayments of \$54,203,000, and amortization of net purchase price premiums of \$744,000.

The following table presents the held to maturity investment securities portfolio by major type as of June 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017:

(dollars in thousands)		September 3	December 31, 2017			
	Cost Basis		%	Cost Basis		%
Securities held to maturity:						
Obligations of U.S. government agencies	\$	445,309	96.8%	\$	500,271	97.2%
Obligations of states and political subdivisions		14,588	3.20%		14,573	2.80%
Total securities held to maturity	\$	459,897	100%	\$	514,844	100.0%

#### Loans

The Company concentrates its lending activities in four principal areas: real estate mortgage loans (residential and commercial loans), consumer loans, commercial loans (including agricultural loans), and real estate construction loans. The interest rates charged for the loans made by the Company vary with the degree of risk, the size and maturity of the loans, the borrower's relationship with the Company and prevailing money market rates indicative of the Company's cost of funds.

The majority of the Company's loans are direct loans made to individuals, farmers and local businesses. The Company relies substantially on local promotional activity and personal contacts by bank officers, directors and employees to compete with other financial institutions. The Company makes loans to borrowers whose applications include a sound purpose, a viable repayment source and a plan of repayment established at inception and generally backed by a secondary source of repayment.

The following table shows the Company's loan balances, including net deferred loan costs, as of the dates indicated:

(dollars in thousands)	Septembe 2018		December 31, 2017				
Real estate mortgage	\$ 3,132,202	77.8%	\$	2,300,322	76.3%		
Consumer	421,285	10.5%		356,874	11.8%		
Commercial	289,647	7.1%		220,412	7.3%		
Real estate construction	184,302	4.6%		137,557	4.6%		
Total loans	\$ 4,027,436	100%	\$	3,015,165	100%		

At September 30, 2018 loans, including net deferred loan costs, totaled \$4,027,436,000 which was a \$1,012,271,000 (33.6%) increase over the balances at December 31, 2017. In addition to the \$834,683,000 in loans acquired from FNBB, which were recorded net of a \$33,417,000 discount, organic loan growth totaled \$177,588,000 or an annualized rate of 7.9% during the first nine months of 2018.

# **Asset Quality and Nonperforming Assets**

# **Nonperforming Assets**

The following table sets forth the amount of the Company's nonperforming assets as of the dates indicated. For purposes of the following table, PCI loans that are 90 days past due and still accruing are not considered nonperforming loans. "Performing nonaccrual loans" are loans that may be current for both principal and interest payments, or are less than 90 days past due, but for which payment in full of both principal and interest is not expected, and are not well secured and in the process of collection:

(dollars in thousands)	ember 30, 2018	Dec	ember 31, 2017
Performing nonaccrual loans	\$ 22,429	\$	20,937
Nonperforming nonaccrual loans	3,671		3,176
Total nonaccrual loans	26,100		24,113
Originated and PNCI loans 90 days past due and still accruing	 1,048		281
Total nonperforming loans	27,148		24,394
Foreclosed assets	1,832		3,226
Total nonperforming assets	\$ 28,980	\$	27,620
Nonperforming assets to total assets	0.46%		0.58%
Nonperforming loans to total loans	0.67%		0.81%
Allowance for loan losses to nonperforming loans	116%		124%
Allowance for loan losses, unamortized loan fees, and discounts to loan principal balances owed	2.12%		1.77%

The following table set forth the amount of the Company's nonperforming assets as of the dates indicated. For purposes of the following table, PCI loans that are 90 days past due and still accruing are not considered nonperforming loans. "Performing nonaccrual loans" are loans that may be current for both principal and interest payments, or are less than 90 days past due, but for which payment in full of both principal and interest is not expected, and are not well secured and in the process of collection:

	September 30, 2018										
(dollars in thousands)	Or	ginated	PNCI		PCI			Total			
Performing nonaccrual loans	\$	14,401	\$	1,840	\$	6,188	\$	22,429			
Nonperforming nonaccrual loans		2,686		307		678		3,671			
Total nonaccrual loans		17,087		2,147		6,866		26,100			
Originated and PNCI loans 90 days past due and still accruing				1,048		<u>-</u>		1,048			
Total nonperforming loans		17,087		3,195		6,866		27,148			
Foreclosed assets		1,042		-		790		1,832			
Total nonperforming assets	\$	18,129	\$	3,195	\$	7,656	\$	28,980			
U.S. government, including its agencies and its government-sponsored agencies,											
guaranteed portion of nonperforming loans	\$	301		-		-	\$	301			
Nonperforming assets to total assets		0.29%		0.05%		0.12%		0.46%			
Nonperforming loans to total loans		0.42%		0.08%		0.17%		0.67%			
Allowance for loan losses to nonperforming loans		170%		23%		0.12%		116.41%			
Allowance for loan losses, unamortized loan fees, and discounts to loan principal											
balances owed		1.35%		2.44%		68.91%		2.12%			

	December 31, 2017										
(dollars in thousands)	Or	Originated		PNCI		PCI		Total			
Performing nonaccrual loans	\$	12,942	\$	1,305	\$	6,690	\$	20,937			
Nonperforming nonaccrual loans		2,520		158		498		3,176			
Total nonaccrual loans		15,462		1,463		7,188		24,113			
Originated loans 90 days past due and still accruing		-		281		-		281			
Total nonperforming loans		15,462		1,744		7,188		24,394			
Foreclosed assets		1,836		-		1,390		3,226			
Total nonperforming assets	\$	17,298	\$	1,744	\$	8,578	\$	27,620			
U.S. government, including its agencies and its government-sponsored agencies,											
guaranteed portion of nonperforming loans	\$	358					\$	358			
Nonperforming assets to total assets		0.36%		0.04%		0.18%		0.58%			
Nonperforming loans to total loans		0.57%		0.56%		46.20%		0.81%			
Allowance for loan losses to nonperforming loans		188%		53%		4%		124%			
Allowance for loan losses, unamortized loan fees, and discounts to loan principal											
balances owed		1.32%		2.22%		34.05%		1.77%			

# Changes in nonperforming assets during the three months ended September 30, 2018

(in thousands):	Septe	ance at ember 30, 2018	Ado	litions	ances/ wns, net	ge-offs/ e-downs	Forec	fers to closed sets	ntegory hanges	Ju	ance at ne 30, 2018
Real estate mortgage:											
Residential	\$	3,038	\$	116	\$ (73)	\$ -	\$	-	\$ (1,212)	\$	4,207
Commercial		15,129		2,688	(418)	-		-	974		11,885
Consumer					, í						
Home equity lines		2,133		549	(1,053)	-		-	-		2,637
Home equity loans		3,089		762	(76)	(49)		(511)	238		2,725
Other consumer		8		1	(1)						8
Commercial		3,751		513	(236)	(484)		-	-		3,958
Construction:											
Residential		-		-	-	-		-	-		-
Commercial		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 -	 <u>-</u>		-	 -		-
T - 1 C - 1 1		25.440		4.600	(4.0.55)	(500)		(84.4)			25.420
Total nonperforming loans		27,148		4,629	(1,857)	(533)		(511)	-		25,420
Foreclosed assets		1,832		25	 (79)	 1		511	 		1,374
Total nonperforming assets	\$	28,980	\$	4,654	\$ (1,936)	\$ (532)	\$		\$ 	\$	26,794

The table above does not include deposit overdraft charge-offs.

Nonperforming assets increased during the third quarter of 2018 by \$2,186,000 (8.2%) to \$28,980,000 at September 30, 2018 compared to \$26,794,000 at June 30, 2018. The increase in nonperforming assets during the third quarter of 2018 was primarily the result of acquired FNBB loans with credit deterioration of \$1,300,000, new nonperforming loans totaling \$3,354,000 and advances on nonperforming loans of \$294,000, that were partially offset by sales or upgrades of nonperforming loans of \$2,151,000, dispositions of foreclosed assets totaling \$79,000, and loan charge-offs of \$532,000.

The \$4,629,000 in new nonperforming loans during the third quarter of 2018 was comprised of increases of \$116,000 on one residential real estate loans, \$2,688,000 on six commercial real estate loans, \$1,311,000 on 10 home equity lines and loans, and \$513,000 on 7 C&I loans. Related charge-offs are discussed below.

# Loan charge-offs during the three months ended September 30, 2018

In the third quarter of 2018, the Company recorded \$1,014,000 in loan charge-offs and \$128,000 in deposit overdraft charge-offs less \$519,000 in loan recoveries and \$51,000 in deposit overdraft recoveries resulting in \$570,000 of net charge-offs. Primary causes of the loan charges taken in the third quarter of 2018 were gross charge-offs of \$25,000 on 2 residential real estate loans, \$195,000 on 3 home equity lines and loans, \$229,000 on 23 other consumer loans, and \$693,000 on 18 C&I loans.

Total charge-offs were generally comprised of individual charges of less than \$250,000 each. Generally losses are triggered by non-performance by the borrower and calculated based on any difference between the current loan amount and the current value of the underlying collateral less any estimated costs associated with the disposition of the collateral.

## Changes in nonperforming assets during the nine months ended September 30, 2018

	Balance at September 30,		Advances/	Charge-offs/	Transfers to Foreclosed	Category	Balance at December 31,
(in thousands):	2018	Additions	Paydowns, net	Write-downs	Assets	Changes	2017
Real estate mortgage:							
Residential	\$ 3,03	8 \$ 903	\$ (505)	\$ (51)	\$ -	\$ (1,048)	\$ 3,739
Commercial	15,129	9 4,257	(2,005)	(15)	-	1,072	11,820
Consumer		-	-	-	-	-	
Home equity lines	2,13	3 2,153	(3,171)	(104)	-	(227)	3,482
Home equity loans	3,089	9 1,973	(260)	(50)	(511)	301	1,636
Other consumer		8 114	(30)	(87)	-	-	11
Commercial	3,75	1 1,871	(985)	(743)	-	(98)	3,706
Construction:		-	-	-	-	-	
Residential			-	-	-	-	-
Commercial		-	-	-	-	-	-
Total nonperforming loans	27,14	8 11,271	(6,956)	(1,050)	(511)	-	24,394
Foreclosed assets	1,833	2 25	(1,841)	(89)	511		3,226
Total nonperforming assets	\$ 28,980	0 \$ 11,296	\$ (8,797)	\$ (1,139)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,620

The table above does not include deposit overdraft charge-offs.

Nonperforming assets increased during the nine month period ending September 30, 2018 by \$1,360,000 (4.9%) to \$28,980,000 at September 30, 2018 compared to \$27,620,000 at December 31, 2017. The increase in nonperforming assets during 2018 was primarily the result of additions of \$11,296,000 of nonperforming assets outpacing net paydowns of \$8,797,000 and charge-offs/write-downs of \$1,139,000.

# Loan charge-offs during the nine months ended September 30, 2018

During the first nine months of 2018, the Company recorded \$1,594,000 in loan charge-offs and \$346,000 in deposit overdraft charge-offs less \$1,263,000 in loan recoveries and \$180,000 in deposit overdraft recoveries resulting in \$497,000 of net charge-offs. Primary causes of the loan charges taken during the nine month period during 2018 were gross charge-offs of \$77,000 on 3 residential real estate loans, \$150,000 on one commercial real estate loan, \$299,000 on 9 home equity lines and loans, \$597,000 on 61 other consumer loans, and \$952,000 on 26 C&I loans.

Total charge-offs were generally comprised of individual charges of less than \$250,000 each. Generally losses are triggered by non-performance by the borrower and calculated based on any difference between the current loan amount and the current value of the underlying collateral less any estimated costs associated with the disposition of the collateral.

#### Allowance for Loan Losses

## The Components of the Allowance for Loan Losses

The following table sets forth the allowance for loan losses as of the dates indicated:

(dollars in thousands)	September 30, 2018		ember 31, 2017
Allowance for originated and PNCI loan losses:			
Environmental factors allowance	\$	13,122	\$ 10,252
Formula allowance		15,743	17,100
Total allowance for originated and			
PNCI loan losses		28,865	27,352
Allowance for impaired loans		2,628	2,699
Allowance for PCI loan losses	110		272
Total allowance for loan losses	\$	31,603	\$ 30,323
Allowance for loan losses to loans		0.78%	 1.01%

For additional information regarding the allowance for loan losses, including changes in specific, formula, and environmental factors allowance categories, see "Provision for Loan Losses" at "Results of Operations" and "Allowance for Loan Losses" above. Based on the current conditions of the loan portfolio, management believes that the \$31,603,000 allowance for loan losses at September 30, 2018 is adequate to absorb probable losses inherent in the Bank's loan portfolio. No assurance can be given, however, that adverse economic conditions or other circumstances will not result in increased losses in the portfolio.

The following table summarizes the allocation of the allowance for loan losses between loan types and by percentage of the total allowance for loan losses as of the dates indicated:

(in thousands)	 September 30	, 2018	 December 3	1, 2017
Real estate mortgage	\$ 15,353	48.6%	\$ 13,758	45.4%
Consumer	7,440	23.5%	8,227	27.1%
Commercial	6,224	19.7%	6,512	21.5%
Real estate construction	 2,586	8.2%	1,826	6.0%
Total allowance for loan losses	\$ 31,603	100.0%	\$ 30,323	100.0%

The following tables summarize the activity in the allowance for loan losses for the periods indicated (dollars in thousands):

	7	Three months end	ed September 30,		,	Nine months end	ed Septe	1 September 30,	
		2018	•	2017		2018		2017	
Allowance for loan losses:									
Balance at beginning of period	\$	29,524	\$	31,017	\$	30,323	\$	32,503	
Provision for loan losses		2,651		(796)		1,777		(2,353)	
Loans charged off:									
Real estate mortgage:									
Residential		(25)		-		(77)		-	
Commercial		-		(150)		(15)		(150)	
Consumer:									
Home equity lines		(172)		(13)		(276)		(84)	
Home equity loans		(23)		(206)		(23)		(237)	
Other consumer		(229)		(308)		(597)		(482)	
Commercial		(693)		(764)		(952)		(897)	
Construction:									
Residential		-		(1,071)		-		(1,071)	
Commercial		-		-		-		-	
Total loans charged off		(1,142)		(2,512)		(1,940)		(2,921)	
Recoveries of previously charged-off loans:									
Real estate mortgage:									
Residential		-		-		-		-	
Commercial		15		17		51		127	
Consumer:									
Home equity lines		151		252		677		298	
Home equity loans		139		13		176		25	
Other consumer		63		68		208		209	
Commercial		202		84		331		254	
Construction:									
Residential		-		-		-		-	
Commercial		-		-		-		1	
Total recoveries of previously charged off loans		570		434		1,443		914	
	_		_				_		
Net (charge-offs) recoveries		(572)	_	(2,078)		(497)		(2,007)	
Balance at end of period	\$	31,603	\$	28,143	\$	31,603	\$	28,143	
	0	4.020.462	Ф	2 070 044	Φ.	2 200 447	Ф	2.007.452	
Average total loans	\$	4,028,462	\$	2,878,944	\$	3,390,447	\$	2,807,453	
Ratios (annualized):									
Net charge-offs (recoveries) during period to average loans outstanding during period		0.06 %		0.29 %		0.02 %		0.10	
Provision for (benefit from) loan losses to average loans outstanding during period		0.26 %		(0.11) %		0.07 %		(0.11)	

#### Foreclosed Assets, Net of Allowance for Losses

The following tables detail the components and summarize the activity in foreclosed assets, net of allowances for losses for the period indicated (dollars in thousands):

	Bala	ance at			Adv	ances/				Bal	ance at
	Septe	mber 30,			Capi	talized		Val	luation	Dece	mber 31,
	2	018	Add	litions	Costs	/Other	Sales	Adju	stments	2	2017
Land & Construction	\$	445	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (1,341)	\$	-	\$	1,786
Residential real estate		1,294		536		-	(356)		(72)		1,186
Commercial real estate		93		-		-	(144)		(17)		254
Total foreclosed assets	\$	1,832	\$	536	\$	_	\$ (1,841)	\$	(89)	\$	3,226

## **Premises and Equipment**

Premises and equipment were comprised of:

	September 30, 2018	December 31, 2017		
	(In the	usands)		
Land & land improvements	\$ 28,958	\$ 9,959		
Buildings	64,178	50,340		
Furniture and equipment	44,271	35,939		
	137,407	96,238		
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(49,073)	(40,644)		
	88,334	55,594		
Construction in progress	956	2,148		
Total premises and equipment	\$ 89,290	\$ 57,742		

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, premises and equipment increased \$31,548,000 due to acquired assets with a fair value of \$30,522,000, purchases of \$5,736,000, that were partially offset by depreciation of \$4,442,000 and disposals of premises and equipment with net book value of \$268,000.

# **Intangible Assets**

Intangible assets at were comprised of the following as of the dates indicated:

	September 30, 2018		December 31, 2017	
	(In thou	ısands)		
Core-deposit intangible	\$ 30,711	\$	5,174	
Goodwill	 220,972		64,311	
Total intangible assets	\$ 251,683	\$	69,485	

The core-deposit intangible assets resulted from the Bank's acquisition of FNBB on July 6, 2018, three bank branches from Bank of America on March 18, 2016, North Valley Bancorp in 2014, and Citizens Bank of Northern California in 2011. The goodwill intangible asset includes \$156,661,000 from the acquisition of FNBB, \$849,000 from the acquisition of three bank branches from Bank of America on March 18, 2016, \$47,943,000 from the North Valley Bancorp acquisition in 2014, and \$15,519,000 from the North State National Bank acquisition in 2003.

Amortization of core deposit intangible assets amounting to \$1,390,000 and \$339,000 was recorded during the three months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Amortization of core deposit intangible assets amounting to \$2,068,000 and \$1,050,000 was recorded during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

# **Investment in Low Income Housing Tax Credit Funds**

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the Company's investment in low income housing tax credit funds, recorded in other assets, increased \$6,718,000 to \$23,572,000 due to capital contributions and the acquisition of \$2,794,000 in low income housing tax credit funds from FNBB. During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the Company also made capital contributions to several of its existing low income housing tax credit fund investments reducing its commitment for future capital contributions to \$6,725,000 at September 30, 2018. This commitment for low income housing tax credit funds is recorded in other liabilities.

## **Deposits**

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the Company's deposits increased \$1,083,986,000 to \$5,093,117,000. In addition to the \$991,935,000 in acquired deposits, organic deposit growth for the first nine months of 2018 was \$92,051,000 or 3.1% on an annualized basis. Included in the September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017 certificate of deposit balances are \$69,000,000 and \$50,000,000, respectively, from the State of California. The Company participates in a deposit program offered by the State of California whereby the state may make deposits at

the Company's request subject to collateral and creditworthiness constraints. The negotiated rates on these state deposits are generally more favorable than other wholesale funding sources available to the Company.

## **Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements**

See Note 12 to the condensed consolidated financial statements at Item 1 of Part I of this report for information about the Company's commitments and contingencies including off-balance-sheet arrangements.

## **Capital Resources**

The current and projected capital position of the Company and the impact of capital plans and long-term strategies are reviewed regularly by Management.

The Company adopted and announced a stock repurchase plan on August 21, 2007 for the repurchase of up to 500,000 shares of the Company's common stock from time to time as market conditions allow. The 500,000 shares authorized for repurchase under this plan represented approximately 3.2% of the Company's approximately 15,815,000 common shares outstanding as of August 21, 2007. During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, the Company did not repurchase any shares under this plan. This plan has no stated expiration date for the repurchases. As of September 30, 2018, the Company had repurchased 166,600 shares under this plan, which left 333,400 shares available for repurchase under the plan. Shares that are repurchased in accordance with the provisions of a Company stock option plan or equity compensation plan are not counted against the number of shares repurchased under the repurchase plan adopted on August 21, 2007.

The Company's primary capital resource is shareholders' equity, which was \$802,115,000 at September 30, 2018. This amount represents an increase of \$296,307,000 (59%) from December 31, 2017, the net result of issued stock of \$284,437,000, comprehensive income for the period of \$24,409,000, the effect of equity compensation vesting of \$1,044,000, and the exercise of stock options of \$475,000, that were partially offset by dividends paid of \$12,984,000, and repurchase of common stock of \$1,124,000. The Company's ratio of equity to total assets was 12.7% and 10.6% as of September 30, 2018 and December 31, 2017, respectively. We believe that the Company and the Bank were in compliance with applicable minimum capital requirements set forth in the final Basel III Capital rules as of September 30, 2018. The following summarizes the Company's ratios of capital to risk-adjusted assets as of the dates indicated:

	September 3	0, 2018	December	December 31, 2017			
		Minimum					
		Regulatory					
	Ratio	Requirement	Ratio	Requirement			
Total capital	13.90 %	9.875 %	14.07 %	9.25 %			
Tier I capital	13.19 %	7.875 %	13.18 %	7.25 %			
Common equity Tier 1 capital	12.03 %	6.375 %	11.72 %	5.75 %			
Leverage	10.66 %	4.00 %	10.80 %	4.00 %			

See Note 13 and Note 19 to the condensed consolidated financial statements at Item 1 of Part I of this report for additional information about the Company's capital resources.

## Liquidity

The Company's principal source of asset liquidity is cash at the Federal Reserve Bank of San Francisco ("Federal Reserve") and other banks and marketable investment securities available for sale. At September 30, 2018, cash at Federal Reserve and other banks in excess of reserve requirements and investment securities available for sale totaled \$1,163,349,000, or 18.4% of total assets, representing an increase of \$312,044,000 from \$851,305,000, or 17.3% of total assets at December 31, 2017. This increase in cash and securities available for sale is due mainly to deposit growth and net cash and available for sale investment securities received in the acquisition of FNBB that was partially offset by new loan originations being in excess of cash received from the maturity and principal repayment of investment securities during the nine months ended September 30, 2018. The Company's profitability during the first nine months of 2018 generated cash flows from operations of \$59,905,000 compared to \$45,817,000 during the first nine months of 2017. Net cash used by investing activities of \$112,873,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2018, compared to net cash used by investing activities of \$263,864,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2018, compared to net provided by financing activities of \$100,469,000 during the nine months ended September 30, 2017. Deposit balance increases accounted for \$92,051,000 and \$31,896,000 of financing sources of funds during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. Dividends paid used \$12,984,000 and \$11,228,000 of cash during the nine months ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The Company's liquidity is dependent on dividends received from the Bank. Dividends from the Bank are subject to certain regulatory restrictions.

# Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The Company's assessment of market risk as of September 30, 2018 indicates there are no material changes in the quantitative and qualitative disclosures from those in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017.

## **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

The Company's management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, have evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2018. Disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), are controls and procedures designed to reasonably assure that information required to be disclosed in the Company's reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported on a timely basis. Disclosure controls are also designed to reasonably assure that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Based upon their evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2018.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2018, there were no changes in our internal controls or in other factors that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect our internal controls over financial reporting.

## PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

# Item 1 - Legal Proceedings

Due to the nature of our business, we are involved in legal proceedings that arise in the ordinary course of our business. While the outcome of these matters is currently not determinable, we do not expect that the ultimate costs to resolve these matters will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

## Item 1A - Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed under "Part I—Item 1A—Risk Factors" in our Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2017 which are incorporated by reference herein. These factors could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition, liquidity, results of operations and capital position, and could cause our actual results to differ materially from our historical results or the results contemplated by the forward-looking statements contained in this report.

## Item 2 – Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table shows the repurchases made by the Company or any affiliated purchaser (as defined in Rule 10b-18(a)(3) under the Exchange Act) during the three months ended September 30, 2018:

(c) Total number of

				(-)	
				shares purchased as of	(d) Maximum number
				part of publicly	shares that may yet
	(a) Total number	(b) A	verage price	announced plans or	be purchased under the
Period	of shares purchased (1)	paid	l per share	programs	plans or programs (2)
July 1-31, 2018	49,996	\$	37.72	-	333,400
August 1-31, 2018	41,485	\$	38.95	-	333,400
September 1-30, 2018	11,211	\$	39.15	-	333,400
Total	102,692	\$	38.37	-	333,400

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes shares purchased by the Company's Employee Stock Ownership Plan and pursuant to various other equity incentive plans. See Note 14 to the condensed consolidated financial statements at Item 1 of Part I of this report, for a discussion of the Company's stock repurchased under equity compensation plans.

<sup>(2)</sup> Does not include shares that may be purchased by the Company's Employee Stock Ownership Plan and pursuant to various other equity incentive plans.

# **EXHIBIT INDEX**

Exhibit No. Exhibit

- 31.1 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of CEO
- 31.2 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of CFO
- 32.1 Section 1350 Certification of CEO
- 32.2 Section 1350 Certification of CFO
- 101.INS XBRL Instance Document
- 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
- 101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
- 101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
- 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
- 101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
  - \* Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement

# **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

## TRICO BANCSHARES

(Registrant)

Date: November 9, 2018 /s/ Peter G. Wiese

Peter G. Wiese

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

(Duly authorized officer and principal financial and chief accounting officer)

## **EXHIBITS**

#### Exhibit 31.1

Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of CEO

# I, Richard P. Smith, certify that;

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of TriCo Bancshares;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and we have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiary, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 9, 2018 /s/ Richard P. Smith

Richard P. Smith

President and Chief Executive Officer

Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of CFO

### I, Peter G. Wiese, certify that;

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of TriCo Bancshares;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and we have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiary, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 9, 2018 /s/ Peter G. Wiese

Peter G. Wiese

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

## Exhibit 32.1

#### Section 1350 Certification of CEO

In connection with the Quarterly Report of TriCo Bancshares (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2018 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Richard P. Smith, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Sectioconsisn 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

## /s/ Richard P. Smith

Richard P. Smith

President and Chief Executive Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to TriCo Bancshares and will be retained by TriCo Bancshares and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Exhibit 32.2

Section 1350 Certification of CFO

In connection with the Quarterly Report of TriCo Bancshares (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2018 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Peter G. Wiese, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

# /s/ Peter G. Wiese

Peter G. Wiese

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to TriCo Bancshares and will be retained by TriCo Bancshares and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.